FREEDOM, TRUTH, AND JUSTICE.

Vol. 1. San Francisco, Saturday, August 2, 1873. No. 31.

THE IRISH NATIONALIST,

ISSUED EVERY SATURDAY MORNING

—BY THE—

NATIONALIST PUBLISHING CO.

OFFICE—No. 5 POST STREET, (Up Stairs.)

All Communications must be Addressed to the Business Manager.

TERMS.

One copy, one year	$ 3 00
10 copies to one address, one year	$20 00
Single copies	10

(INVARIABLY IN ADVANCE.)

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One Dollar a square, (eight lines of this type) per month; except under conditions that will warrant a reduction or justify an advance.

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SPECIAL NOTICE.—Under no circumstance will any advertisement of unchaste character or doubtful influence be inserted in these columns. Notices coming from parties unknown to the Publishers, must be paid for in advance.

IRISH NEWS.

Antrim.

A soldier named Braden, of her Majesty's 61st, was politely asked by two Belfast policemen who met him early in the morning if he had a pass. Whereupon he proceeded to pass them, but not before most disloyally putting heads on both.

The sad and unexpected death of the Rev. Father Jeremiah R. M'Auley, late Adm. of St. Patrick's, Belfast, is announced from Dublin. Father M'Auley had some time ago joined the Order of the Jesuits.

The Irish Temperance League of Belfast, entertained the Hon. Neal Dow, of Portland, Me. at a picnic at Shane's Castle, seat of Lord O'Niell.

Everything passed off quietly in Londonderry and Belfast on the twelfth. There was no disturbance in Dublin.

Armagh.

Rev. Mr. McKenna, P. P., Lurgan was made the recipient of a splendid brougham on his return from America. Mr. Kearns read an address of congratulation and the Rev. gentleman responded in terms of sincere gratitude.

Carlow.

The Academical exercises at Carlow College were unusually interesting this year. An immense concourse of the Rev. Clergy and laity assembled and were much gratified at the successful answering of the students.

Clare.

MR. STEPHEN J. MEANY.—The announcement some short time since that Mr. Meany had arrived from America to attend the "Atlantic" inquiry in Liverpool, in his capacity — having joined the American Bar—of law agent to the White Star Company, inspired his numerous friends and admirers with the hope that his professional duties would allow him time for even a brief visit to Ennis, his native town, ere his departure from Europe. Their hope has been realized. On Saturday June, the 28th, a large number of the friends of this gentleman having previous intimation of his approach, waited his arrival at the Ennis Terminus, and received him with an enthusiastic welcome. During his necessarily limited stay, Mr. Meany was the guest of his distinguished and esteemed friend, the Rev. Jeremiah Vaughan, P.P., Doora. Mr. Meany's presence is intended to be availed of for the purpose of inaugurating a Clare contribution to the Irish Testimonial to John Mitchel. At the request of the admirers of this distinguished Irishman, Mr. Meany has consented to deliver a lecture in the Town Hall, Ennis, for the promotion of this object.

"Never give up the ship."

Mr. John O'Hagan, Q. C., is not satisfied with the state of the County Clare, in which, he said, there have been committed a great many assaults with violence, arising, as they generally did, out of the pernicious vice of drunkenness. The last time he had addressed the grand jury he had to refer with abhorrence to a dreadful murder which had been perpetrated a short time before. Since then an attempt had been made to murder, not only one, but two gentlemen. And he further said, that to put a stop to such a state of things, the Government were compelled to put in force the full powers granted by the Coercion laws. Mr. O'Hagan manifestly sought to make the most of those offences, in order to help to justify his governmental patrons for renewing the Coercion Act.

The annual exhibition of the Ennis Diocesan College was very gratifying to the friends and patrons of this growing institution. Essays in Latin and Greek were read, and an interesting debate upon "the massacre of 1641" gave immense satisfaction. Both Burke and Froude views were ably sustained by the young disputants.

Bridget Kerin, housekeeper at the residence of Mr. Blood, Ballykelty, near Quin, was arrested on July 1st by Sub-Inspector Jones, and charged as the authoress of all the threatening letters received by the landlords in the county of Clare for the last six months.

Cork.

Respecting what is called a Raid on the Bandon military barracks, in which eight rifles were carried off, the Royal Irish with a superabundance of zeal, alleging that they had a Fenian informer at their back, have lodged in jail nine men in Cork, and twelve (including several militia men) in Bandon. The ramifications and connections of the raiders are believed to be extensive.

We regret to announce the death of M. Michael D'Alton, a valued member of the reporting staff of the Cork *Herald*. Mr. D'Alton was for some time attached to the staff of the *Irish Times*, and was esteemed and respected by all who knew him. His demise at an early age will be much regretted by his numerous friends.

Death has carried off another of the patriots. Mr. Daniel Sheehan of Leap, near Skibbereen, a zealous and unselfish worker on the cause of Irish liberty died on July 1. He is deservedly mourned.

The North Cork Rifle Regiment is one of those selected to take part in the autumn manœuvres.

Charles Biaconi has contributed £10 to the Maguire testimonial.

Derry.

The Magherrfelt Quarter Sessions were commenced on the 27th ult., before C. J. Coffey, Esq., Q. C., Chairman for County Derry. The criminal business was unusually heavy, no less than 16 cases being entered on the Crown, almost all of which were of a party nature. His worship commented severely on the conduct of the people of this district, exemplified in their party displays and exhibitions, and observing that by their foolish demonstrations the barony was, by proclamation, now placed under the provisions of the Peace Preservation Act.

"July the First in Oldbridge town, there
was a grievous battle."

This July the first there was no battle, but on that morning the Maiden City was jubilant over the safe disembarkation of those shining lights, Darcey, Boulton and Herbert McDonald, members of the Orange deputation from Canada to the Glasgow pow-wow. Crowds, dinners, speeches, and "funeral notes of the village bell" characterized the welcome given by the "prentice" boys to the new true blues.

The eccentric John Rea, of Belfast, was serenaded by the Orangemen of Newton-limivady on the occasion of his visit to that town.

Donegal.

Bundoran has become a favorite watering resort, and the beauty of the "Donegal Highlands" is attracting an immense number of tourists. The crops are unusually fine and there is every indication of an abundant harvest.

Down.

This county has the credit of producing the rowdiest militia regiment under the crown. The rank and file damn the Pope and Home Rule, knock down defenceless citizens, kick up hell in Downpatrick, and do their level best to secure the character of first-grade Hoodlums.

George Murney, Esq., Tudor House, Holywood, has been appointed to the Commission of the Peace for the county Down.

Dublin.

The city papers have received what they call a startling telegram from the British press association. It is to the effect that the Government are aware of the presence in Ireland of foreign emissaries who escaped in 1867, that the detectives are vigilant and on their track, and that arrests are almost certain to be made in a few days. At least one half of this story may be set down as fiction.

The Home Rule organization is taking active steps to rouse up the electors to the need there is of making sacrifices to return to parliament at the coming elections as large a number as possible of professional patriots. Thus, the people are advised to move in a circle instead of a straight line.

Fermanagh.

The Most Rev. Dr. Donnelly, Lord Bishop of Clogher, chose Sunday, the 22d ult., as a day on which every parish in his extensive diocese should dedicate itself to the Most Sacred Heart of Jesus, and ordained that certain special devotions to the Sacred Heart should be performed in the several chapels of the diocese during the three days immediately preceding.

The Enniskillen Quarter Sessions was held on Saturday, the 28th ult., before P. J. Blake, Esq., who congratulated the county on the absence of criminal business.

Galway.

After the usual weekly petty sessions of Ballinasloe, the case of David Moclair, a gauger, where the great outrage occurred on the Midland Great Western Railway near the town, formed the subject of a private investigation in the Magistrate's room. The case was remanded for a week, bail being accepted for his appearance. Moclair, who is charged with writing threatening letters to Sir Ralph Cusack and Mr. Rowan, engineer of the company, is much respected in the locality, and his arrest created much surprise.

The newspapers of the west contain long obituary notices of Mrs. Bodkin (wife of Dr. Bodkin, of Tuam), who died on the 15th. Nearly all the clergymen of the diocese took part in her funeral ceremonies.

Galway.

The Chancellor of the Exchequer has refused to introduce any measures which might improve the drainage of the Suck or Shannon, although the inundations of both last winter caused heavy losses. He has axes to grind in Africa and elsewhere, and therefore the poor devils along these rivers may, so far as he is concerned, be drowned and be d—— d.

Kerry.

One John W. O'Neill of Brosna, County Kerry, and now of Cork city, who was for a time imprisoned under the Habeas Corpus Suspension Act of '66 for alleged complicity in treasonable practices, and again imprisoned for alleged illegal acts during the parliamentary contest in Kerry in '72, is out with an appeal—prose and poetry—requesting the people to reward him for his services. He should grin and bear it, keep his sores to himself, pick up a shovel and earn a living otherwise than by begging.

The "grass of a goose" is not an unfrequent demise in Kerry. The Chairman at the Tralee Sessions, on Wednesday, gave a decree for thirty shillings against a farmer landlord, to his laborer tenant, for breach of contract on a demise of "a house, garden and grass of goose."

On Monday, 23d ult., the Tralee Quarter Sessions were opened by Chas. Hemphill, Esq., Q. C., Chairman of this county. There are over 600 entries, 148 being defended, 19 ejectments, and 6 Crown cases.

The Listowel Quarter Sessions commenced on Saturday, the 28th ult., when the chairman adverted to the great diminution of crime.

Kildare.

The Catholic prelates of the Irish Church held their annual conference on the 25th and 26th ult., at Maynooth College. The principal questions dealt with related to the management of Maynooth and the Irish College in Paris. It was decided to establish 163 bursarships in Maynooth College. The annual report being of a most satisfactory character, was adopted. His Grace the Archbishop of Tuam addressed the students, and was enthusiastically applauded.

Kilkenny.

The Rev. Mr. O'Keeffe has served notice of trial for the next Naas assizes upon the Right Rev. Dr. Moran, R.C., Bishop of Ossory, for libel alleged to have been committed by his lordship in stating that the reverened gentleman had forged the names of the Callan Schools' Committee to the requisition seeking his appoint by the Commissioners of Education as manager. The trial will take place in the last week of July.

Limerick.

Mr. Daniel Doyle, solicitor, died suddenly at his residence, George street, Limerick, on the 1st ult. He was greatly respected socially and professionally. He was closely identified with the '48 agitation, and had to fly from this country with O'Gorman and the late John O'Donnell. They were chased by a gunboat on the Shannon, but managed to secrete themselves in a merchant ship, and subsequently escaped. When they crossed over to France, they joined a number of fugitives there, and remained in the country until the law admitted of their safe return.

Longford.

At a special meeting of the Longford Town Commissioners, Mr. Patrick Farrell was elected chairman by a majority of one. An objection was lodged against Mr. Farrell's appointment on the ground that the presiding commissioner voted twice.

Mayo.

On 29th ult., a diabolical attempt was made to upset the down train from Dublin on the Midland Great Western Railway, near Ballyhaunis station. A large boulder weighing 150 pounds was discovered on the rail; the engine guard broke it when it came in contact with the obstruction. Fortunately the train did not leave the metals.

Meath.

ST. FINAN'S COLLEGE, NAVAN.—The mid-summer examinations of this old but vigorous centre of Catholic education came off on the 1st inst., with distinguished success, under the able presidency of the Very Rev. Dr. O'Higgins, aided by a band of efficient and equally devoted professors.

Roscommon.

A marriage is arranged to take place in the ensuing month between Ellen Isabella, eldest daughter of Mr. Kevill Davies, of Croft Castle and Wellington, Herefordshire, and Mr. Denis Maurice O'Conor, of Clonalis, County Roscommon, M. P., for Sligo, and brother to the O'Conor Don, M. P.

Sligo.

Two daughters of Mr. O'Doanell, of Dunmore, was drowned on the 28th ult., while bathing near their residence.

Tipperary.

The north riding of Tipperary has in English eyes a shocking reputation; extra police are imposed on the district, and over it hangs the Coercion Act; yet at the Assizes opened at Nenagh, July 1, Mr. Justice O'Brien, addressing the Grand Jury, said:—"I am very happy, indeed, to be able to congratulate you upon the state of the calender which has been laid before me. There are only five or six bills to be laid before you, and these, with one occupation, are of a character not connection with agravian crime."

Tipperary.

Consecretion of the Bishop.— It is intended that the Mayor and Corporation of Clonmel will attend at the consecration of the new Bishop, Very Rev. Dr. Power, in their official robes; and it is also likely that a special train will start from here for the convenience of the public who may wish to attend the ceremonies on that occasion.

Tyrone.

The Strabane Quarter Sessions commenced at the Court Houses on the 27th ult., before Sir Francis W. Brady — Bart, Chairman of the County, His worship congratulated the Grand Jury on the peaceable State of the County.

Waterford.

Mr. De la Poer having resignee his seat, the Hon. Velliers Stuart has been elected to take his place in Parliament as member for Waterford. It is asserted, however, that on account of his having taken Orders at a time when he intended to become a clergyman, the validity of the election will be a question for the Courts to settle.

Wexford.

An English Land and Building Company has been formed for the purpose of turning Hilltown, a village beautifully situated in view of the Tuskar Light, into a fashionable watering place, to be called Hilton-on-sea. The proximity of the New Pier and Harbor at Rosslare in Greenore Bay, and of the new railroad therefrom to the town of Wexford will materially conduce to make the project a successful one.

The guardians of the Wexford Union passed a resolution strongly condemnatory of the one-sided and bigoted charge which Chief Justice Whiteside delivered from the Bench in the case of Father Roche against Charlotte Byone.

Matthew Darcy, the member for Wexford, is not a Home Ruler, and did not work against Coercion. Hence, his constituents are pretty plainly hinting that—maugre his flimsy excuses—he had better give the seat to another.

Wicklow.

General the Right Hon. Lord Sandhurst, Commanding the Forces in Ireland, inspected the Wicklow Rifle Militia, under the command of Lieut.-Colonel R. Gun Cunynghame, on the Murrough of Wicklow.

FOREIGN NEWS.

ENGLAND.

When election scrimmages were common in Ireland, and before people found out the absurbity of looking for anything good from the British Parliament, sticks and stones, broken heads and bloody noses were no unusual sights around the polling booths. With the progress inseparable from the nineteenth century, the English voters have made a new departure. At the recent election in the city of Bath, the sturdy Saxons showered cayenne pepper and Lundyfoot's snuff on the faces and into the eyes of the unpopular gents, Cox, Adams and their aides. The matter was brought up in the House, and all that Mr. Bruce could say was that the police were anxious to discover the scoundrels.

All that *sacra fames auri* which like an itch affects money grabbers, is not centred in Washington, for we find the Canadian parliament having in its midst a railroad ring and a land-swindling corporation. And now, we receive the rousing intelligence that the virtuous Mr. Lowe Chancellor of the British Exchequer, having an axe to grind, has been caught by a private member in the act of asking the Commons to sanction the acceptance of a tender for carrying mails more costly by eleven thousand pounds a year, than another tender to perform the same service as efficiently. It is perhaps one of the benefits of the trans-Atlantic telegraph that London can so soon imitate the tactics of Washington.

The scenes at the fire which recently destroyed the Alexandra Palace were characteristic of Saxon virtues. The museum was stripped of its treasures by "respectable" people who came all the way from London for the purpose. Plundering, drunkenness, and rioting became the order of the day; and yet, because the rascals were English, the London papers said little or nothing of their short-comings, and such of them as the police chanced to arrest were gently dealt with, quite a contrast to the treatment of those brought before the Dublin magistrates after the fire in Thomas street. And, by the way, it may be remarked that most of the offenders there were roughs and rowdies from England who had honored the Irish metropolis with their presence.

At a meeting of working men, held recently at Stafford, to support the candidature of Mr. Alexander MacDonnell, president of the National Miners' Association, that gentleman, viewing the question from a British stand point professed himself as an advocate of of Home Rule for Ireland. He thought the time of Parliament was taken up to an unwarrantable extent by the discussion of many matters which could be equally well discussed in countries where they were better understood, and would be legislated upon to as much advantage.

Henry Jacobs, a watchmaker living in England, threatened to blow out the brains of Judge Pollock, and for this he was ordered to find £100 bail to keep the peace. Had the same thing happened in Ireland, and had Mr. Jacobs been an Irishman, he would have been lodged in jail for Lord knows how long.

ENGLAND.

The Bill which Earl Russel introduced into Parliament, and which would abolish the office of Lord Lieutenant, and make trial by jury a farce in Ireland, has fallen to the ground a dead letter. We should like as well as Earl Russell to see the office of Lord Lieutenant abolished, but not exactly in the way he recommends. We would like a little more also,—the castle razed to its foundations by the fury of an insurgent and victorious people.

Mrs. Clive, a London Authoress of repute, who has been a confirmed invalid for years, was burnt so severely on June the 30th that she expired on the following morning. She was engaged in writing when a spark from the fire ignited her dress, and before assistance arrived had received the injuries from which she died.

In reply to an English deputation of sanctimonious missionaries exhorting the Shah of Persia to introduce religious liberty into his dominions, the Eastern Potentate declared that he had never been so barbarous as to prosecute any one for his religious opinions or practice.

One of Mr. Gladstone's unpopular projects is to present, at the expense of the country, a piece of plate to the arbitrators of the Geneva award. When premiums are given for England's humiliation, what would be given her exaltation?

Tom Mooney who has been strenuous in his exertions for Home Rule since he went from our gaze, has been lecturing with considerable success in Bury, Lancashire, on "Ireland's right to the restoration of her native parliament;"

An appropriate memorial over the grave of the lamented patriot, John C. Walshe, lately deceased, is to be erected in Bradford Cemetery Manchester, at the expense of the Irish nationalists.

FRANCE.

A civil contest of very great importance, and one the result of which will materially effect the future of France, is being carried on between the opposing political parties of the State. The radical republicans go in for universal suffrage as we have it in the United States; their opponents would limit the franchise to those householders who have attained the age of twenty-five and have had their names registered for two years in the precinct where they propose to vote. There are other restrictions also which would disfranchise a large number. A majority in the Assembly is favorable to these restrictions, and in consequence is losing much of its former popularity.

It is reported by fellows who know nothing about it, that Marshal MacMahon will retain the Presidency of France but six months longer, when he will resign and return to the command of the army. It is thought that at the expiration of that time a Monarchy will be established and as MacMahon possesses great influence with the army it is necessary that he should be in command on the occasion. The Marshal is able to stand a good deal of misrepresentation.

In France the Assembly has passed a bill abolishing the Shipping Tax, another step in Marshal MacMahon's Free Trade policy.

The Republican Artillerymen in Valencia have joined the Insurgents.

SPAIN.

The Prussians and English Consuls in Cartagena have received orders from their respective Ministers to notify their cruisers in Spanish waters that the Rebel vessels are pirates, and to treat them as such. The Rebels declare that if any vessel belonging to a foreign power interferes they will massacre every foreigner in the city. Lest they should carry their threat into execution, large numbers of strangers have fled for their lives. The Captain of the German ship "Frederick Carl," who captured the insurgent vessel "Vigilance" is said to have acted without orders, and will be called to account by his Government. Such is diplomacy.

The Insurgent Committee of Public safety at Cartagena have announced that a medal of honor and a pension will be given to all persons taking up arms in their cause,——a very good idea should success attend them, but how about a defeat.

A large Squadron is expected off the Spanish Cast, its ostensible object to enforce neutrality, its real one to take whatever advantages the present disorganized condition of Spain may offer.

On Monday three thousand Remington rifles were landed from an English steamer near Bilboa, and received by a band of 600 Carlists who *took them* into the interior.

"If you want to see what men will do in the way of conformity," says a modern philosopher, "take a high hat for your subject of meditation. I dare say there are twenty-two millions of people at this minute wearing one of these hats to please the rest."

A Memphis jury, having convicted a man of murder, now finds that the supposed murdered man is living. The question is, whether the verdict shall be rescinded, or the man allowed to murder his victim.

It is said that some of the enterprising journals, being unable to obtain permission to send correspondents on the *Tigress*, overcame the difficulty by causing their correspondents to enlist as seaman.

The Irish Brigade at Antietam.

This was, admittedly, the most important battle of the whole war, both in the magnitude of the forces engaged and the consequences that resulted from it. It opened on September 16, '62. We quote from the report of Gen. McClellan:--

"The enemy occupied a strong position on the heights, on the west side of the Antietam Creek, displaying a large force of infantry and cavalry, with numerous batteries of artillery, which opened on their columns as they ap peared in sight—the fire being returned by our batteries."

Next morning the battle proceeded with fearful slaughter. While the hottest fight was on the right, a diversion was made on the left by order of Sumner. The Confederates held a position of great strength in a sunken road or natural rifle pit, whence they poured a destructive fire on the advancing enemy. Here it was that the Irish Brigade made itself conspicuous.

"Meagher's Irish Brigade," says McClellan, "advancing steadily, soon became engaged with the enemy. It continued to advance under a heavy fire nearly to the crest of the hill, the enemy being posted in a continuation of the sunken road and cornfield above referred to. Here the brave Irish Brigade opened upon them a terrific musketry fire. It sustained its well-earned reputation. After suffering terribly in officers and men, and strewing the ground with the enemy as they drove them back, their ammunition nearly expended, and their commander, General Meagher, disabled by the fall of his horse shot under him, this brigade was ordered to give place to General Caldwell's, and it retired as steady as if on drill."

The battle of Antietam lasted fourteen hours. Two hundred thousand men and five hundred pieces of artillery were engaged, and its result decided the fate of the war. While charging,

EIGHT COLOR-BEARERS WERE SHOT

down in succession, and the green flag was so riddled with bullets that it seemed certain death to carry it. As Captain McGee, of the 69th, raised the flag, a bullet cut the standard in two in his hand, and as he stooped to lift it again, another whistled through his cap. Still he waved it gallantly aloft and cheered on the men. McClellan viewed the battle from a hill, and anxiously watched the onset of the Brigade. Seeing the colors fall so often, an aid-de camp cried out: "General, the day is lost—the Irish fly!" McClellan looked on for a moment, then smilingly replied: "No, no, their flags are up—they are charging!" One hundred and twenty recruits having joined the brigade the day before the battle, they were assigned to provost duty, but they requested to join their comrades in the field. The request was granted, and fully seventy-five of them were killed or wounded. In view of such heroism, no one can feel surprised at the enthusiastic tone of the following paragraph, which we reproduce from the address made by

GENERAL M'CLELLAN,

the victor of Antietam, when presenting the green flag to the Sixty-ninth New York Regiment, three weeks ago:

"The last time I saw this green flag, or one like it, waving, was on the bloody plain of Antietam, where on rushed the Irish Brigade, with the green flag waving o'er them, advancing unhesitatingly over the open field, amidst the pealing roar of musketry and artillery, and none falling out save those who fell dead or severely wounded. Yes, on and on that line moved, steadily advancing until they gained the hill, which was defended by a stubborn foe; and when you carried the hill-side, you found the dead so thick there, that many afterwards declared they though the dead from the whole field had been gathered there for burial. They were the gallant foe that you had conquered."

The *Irish World* pertinently asks: Was ever higher testimony borne than this from the General-in-Chief to a single brigade out of a hundred thousand men?

A New York journal tells of a dangerous institution in Central Park. It is a small octagonal house, perched on a summit in the park, wherein, by looking on a white table, one can see in a flash everybody in Central Park, and exactly what everybody is doing. It is a Camera Obscura, and is used by the police, by persons in quest of friends, parents who want to know where their lost children are straying, lovers who wish to discover whether Tom or Susan have come, parents uneasy about Tom or Susan, scandal-mongers who like to see what the affectionate couples who seek the groves and grottoes are about, and wives and husbands who think it just as well to keep their eyes open.

An unfortunate culprit was recently brought before an Iowa justice, charged with assaulting and battering a maiden. Investigation showed that the defendant had merely saluted the damsel against her will. She was in court, and gave her testimony, looking so very beautiful that the judge was compelled to make a special ruling. He could not, he said, in conscience fine the man for doing what was done. "For," said his honor, "I have been obliged to hold on to the arms of my chair to keep from kissing the complainant myself!"

"RIDIN' ON A RALE."—That little sentence may mene wun ov tew things, ridin' on a *rale rode*, or ridin' on a *rode rale*, an' there is a *rale* difference—*rally*! Ef I may hav my own choice, I shud say I would prefer ridin' on a rale rode. The other kind ain't so helthy, becoz the boys ain't allus particlar abowt parin' down the sharp edges on the rail aforesaid, an' we'en thay jolt a man up an' down, it maiks him think ov home an' fren's an' yern tu join 'em thare.

An English Captain at Plymouth, on viewing his company of tall grenadiers, asked an Irish officer could he find an equal amount of Irishmen who could beat that company. "No, sir," responded the officer, "but I can find half the number willing to try it!"

When a wife in Turkey forgets to keep the suspender buttons sewed on her husband's trowsers, she is patted on the back for half an hour with a pine board an inch thick!

A man behind the age should be fed on ketch-

DECLARATION OF PRINCIPLES OF THE

IRISH NATIONALIST,

A WEEKLY NEWSPAPER.

Published Every Saturday at No. 5 Post Street, San Francisco.

—BY THE—

Nationalist Printing and Publishing Co.

The friends of Ireland and the friends of universal freedom have long felt the want on this coast of a newspaper which should rigorously exclude from its columns all matters not tending to the advocacy of their principles, the defense of their rights, the increase of their knowledge and numbers, the elevation of their sentiments and character, and the formation of an effective union among all sections, parties, creeds and classes of liberty-loving Irishmen and their allies.

To supply this want, as well as to contribute something towards the establishment of a Republic on Irish soil, and the spread of free institutions to every part of the earth, has the NATIONALIST been established. The importance of the work to be performed and the necessity of performing it well, have led to the formation of a Joint-Stock Company of Irishmen, Irish-Americans and others, under the title of "THE NATIONALIST PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY." This Company undertakes to publish the NATIONALIST in future, and pledges itself that this newspaper shall be distinguished by the following characteristics.

1. The main object of the NATIONALIST shall be to assist in the establishment of a REPUBLIC ON IRISH SOIL. As means towards that end, it will inculcate the necessity of a cordial union among all sections of Irishmen, irrespective of creed, race or locality; the advisability of forgiving and forgetting past differences; the need that exists for harmony among the different organizations of Irishmen; the futility of expecting Irish liberty from any other source than Irish arms in Irish hands; the duty that is incumbent on Irish-Americans to sympathize with and assist their brothers at home; and the most efficient mode of rendering that assistance most conducive to its intended object.

2. It will advocate the cause of all oppressed peoples, and the right of every nation to its own autonomy.

3. It will favor the spread of Republicanism and free institutions among all nations, and oppose aristocracy and monarchy by every honorable means at its disposal.

4. In religion it will be strictly neutral, excluding from its columns all inflammatory references to religious and sectarian subjects. his is believed to be not only expedient, but necessary, as religious differences have been the bane of many generations of Irishmen. Provided, however, that current religious news may be inserted without prejudicial comments.

5. Sectionalism, or ignorant prejudices arising among men because of their coming from different parts of Ireland, shall be discountenanced, and its criminality exposed.

6. No line of the NATIONALIST shall ever be devoted to indulgence in unfriendly personalities. When, however, the principles of Irish nationality or of American republicanism are attacked, the attack shall be vigorously repelled.

7. In the politics of the City of San Francisco and of the State of California, the NATIONALIST shall be strictly neutral, regarding party affiliations as no cause for making any man a friend or an enemy; and it shall neither advocate nor attack the claims of any political party or individual when seeking political position, Federal, State or Municipal,

8. It will also be neutral but friendly in its treatment of the internal affairs of the United States, but in reference to the foreign policy of the country, it will hold itself thoroughly independent.

9. A speciality will be made of giving publicity to all matters of interest to the Irish societies and military companies of the City and of the State.

10. The Labor movement and the respective rights and obligations of Workingmen and Capitalists shall receive that attention which their great importance demands.

The main object of this undertaking being the union of Irishmen with a view towards Irish independence, all the obstacles which might impede that union have been, as far as possible, removed, so that the NATIONALIST might furnish a platform broad enough to give standing room to all genuine lovers of liberty, and there shall not be any deviations from these principles permitted in the columns of this journal under any circumstances. Among the stockholders of this Company are representatives of almost all the Irish organizations of California, whethe revolutionary, benevolent, literary or military. While we rely on our future performances rather than our present promises, while we believe ourselves competent, as well as determined, to repel the attacks of all enemies of our cause, and while we acknowledge having already received generous support, we yet invite the cordial cooperation of all to enable us to make the NATIONALIST take a front-rank place among the newspapers devoted to the service of Ireland and Liberty.

The above is the declaration of principles which the Nationalist Publishing Company pledges itself to carry out to the utmost of its ability; and, as this company is organized solely for that purpose, and not for any purpose of gain, it confidently appeals for support to all Irishmen who desire to see their native land an INDEPENDENT NATION, and likewise to all lovers of HUMAN FREEDOM.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Dr. J. B. Pinchard's APPARATUS AND COMPOUND,

FOR the cure of Asthma, Bronchitis, Lung Fever and Heart Diseases, and all Diseases of the Respiratory Organs. Patented December 14, 1872. Office, southeast corner Market and Second. Office hours, 10 A M to 12 M 2to 4 P M and 6 to 7 P M. References given. je 28-t

NOTICE

THISTLETON'S JOLLY GIANT, the only Comic Paper on the Pacific Coast, is now out. Lots of Fun, Splendid Pictures of the Daily Press, Emperor Norton, Arnold, the Diamond Swindler, m nv curious things, and what the CHRONICLE, the "Live Paper," Saw in the Moon. For sale by Newsboys, and all the News Dealers on the Coast. Price, Ten Cents. Office, No. 9 Post street.

WANTED.—A Dozen Newsboys, my3-tf

WM. SMITH,

MANUFACTURER OF

Patent Water Closets,

523 Jackson st., San Francisco. my31-tf

DRY GOODS.

A BONA FIDE

LIST OF PRICES!

NOTHING MISREPRESENTED!

An Ample Stock of Everything at the Prices Quoted Below.

HAVING ARRANGED AND MARKED down the Great

BANKRUPT STOCK

We will sell on terms more advantageous to the purchaser than any other house has thus far attempted to do on this Coast.

Lot No. 1—500 Pieces Reversable Plaids, 25 cents a yard.

Lot No. 2—Silk Striped Grenadines, 12½ cents a yard.

Lot No. 3.—700 Pieces Mohair Stripe, 12½ cents a yard.

Lot No. 4—200 pieces Poplins, 25 cents a yard.

Our finest and superior make of Dry Goods, such as Velours, Silk Poplins, all Wool Poplins, Pongees reduced to 50, 62½ and 75 cents per yard. Extraordinary bargains.

Also, Japanese Silk-finished High Lustre Poplins, 25 and 35 cents per yard.

Also, Fine Abyssinian Silks, at 50, 62 and 75 cents per yard.

Black Silks, $1 25, $1 50 and $1 75.

Ladies, inquire for $2 50 Black Bonnet Silk, never before sold for less than $4 per yard.

All $1 50 and $2 Striped Fancy French Silks reduced to 75 cents and $1 per yard.

Black Goods all reduced to the lowest possible price.

American Prints, 8, 9 and 10 cents per yard.

One yard wide French Prints and Satine de China, 18¾ cents per yard.

House Furnishing Goods.

4-4 Sheeting, 12½ cents per yard.
Turkey Red Table Linen, 2 yards wide, 75 cents.
Bedspreads, $1, 1 50, $2 50, large size.
Towels, Napkins, and Table Linen, reduced proportionately.
4-4 Heavy Scotch Ginghams, 12½ cents per yard.
French Chambrays, 12½ cents per yard.
Heavy Belfast Flax Linen, 16 2-3 cents per yard.
Wrapper Patterns, Poplin Reps, $2 per Pattern.

SHAWLS.

Beautiful Wool Striped Shawls.....$1 50
Fine Reversible Shawls.....$3 50
Ottoman Shawls, All Wool.....$5 00

Bargains in Fancy Department.

Jouvin's Kid Gloves, slightly spotted, 10 cents per pair
The $1 25 Kid Gloves for 50 cents per pair
5,000 Ladies Silk Scarfs, 25 cents each
1,000 dozen Corsets, 25 cents each
Sash Ribbons, Bonnet Ribbons, Embroideries, Laces, Hosiery, Ladies and Children's Underwear, at less than manufacturers' prices.

A great many other lines of desirable goods too numerous to mention, will be sold equally low.

As our system of business is one price, and no deviation, it will be needless for purchasers to offer a second price.

GLEESON & FELL,

634 Market Street,

jly 12-tf BELOW KEARNY.

GREAT ROUTE AND CONFUSION

In consequence of the removal of the

METROPOLITAN THEATRE

James O'Hanlon

Is obliged to offer his Goods, consisting of Ladies' and Gents' Furnishing Goods, Boots and Shoes of every description at EXTRAORDINARY LOW PRICES.

Call at 725 Montgomery street and see for yourselves.

BOYS UITS MADE TO ORDER.

THE CHEAPEST STORE on Montgomery St. my3-tf

NORCROSS & CO.,

Manufacturers and Dealers in

REGALIA, LODGE SUPPLIES, MILITARY AND NAVAL GOODS, FLAGS, BANNERS, ETC.

MASONIC TEMPLE, No. 4 Post Street, one door from Montgomery Street, San Francisco. fy2-tf

ARTHUR T. NORTON. M. J. GAVAN.

Norton & Gavan,

Dealers in Foreign and Domestic

DRY GOODS,

154 THIRD St., (Near Howard,) SAN FRANCISCO. je 21-tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

Mrs. Dillon & Mrs. Kenealy,

FASHIONABLE MILLINERS.

No. 30 Third Street, between Mission and Market Sts., SAN FRANCISCO.

☞ Mourning Goods constantly kept on hand. Hats and Bonnets Bleached and Pressed. Country Orders promptly attended to. jy4-tf

ISAAC SELIG,

IMPORTER AND DEALER IN

GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS.

No. 218 Kearny street, between Bush and Sutter, San Francisco. ap5-tf

ASTROLOGER.

DR. JOHN ROLL, the most wonderful Fortune Teller in the world, can be found at No. 825 Pacific Street, between Stockton and Powell. He uses all kind of witchcraft, cures all diseases and spells, causes love, returns anythin that is stolen, or run away, and cures drunkards from drinking. He will give love and luck to all who want it Don't forget to call and see him. jy4-tf

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BOOTS AND SHOES.

John Leddy,

Manufacturer of and Dealer in

BOOTS AND SHOES,

120 FOURTH St., (corner of Minna.)

Men's Boots	from $2 50 to $4 00
Men's Boots (best quality)	from 5 50 to 8 00
Boys and Youth's Boots,	from 1 50 to 3 50
Ladies' Gaiters	from 1 00 to 1 75
Misses' Gaiters	from 75 to 1 50
Misses' Balmorals	from 1 00 to 2 25
Children's French Calf	from 1 25 to 1 50
Children's French Goat	from 1 00 to 1 75

☞ ALL OF MY OWN MAKE.

jly 19-tf

M. F. Walsh,

Fashionable

BOOT AND SHOE MAKER,

909 Market Street, (corner of Fifth.)

All the Latest Styles of Boots and Shoes made to order, at the shortest notice. Also, a full assortment of Benkert's Philadelphia Boots. Orders and repairing promptly attended to. jly 19-tf

Hugh O'Connor,

504 MARKET STREET,

Importer of

PHILADELPHIA BOOT LEGS.

Boot Legs cut to order at short notice. Footing fronts and sole leather kept on hand. jly19-tf

Thomas Healy,

Fashionable

BOOT AND SHOE MAKER,

677 Mission Street, (near Third.)

Repairing neatly done. jly 19-tf

DENIS WHELAN,

BOOT MAKER,

STEVENSON St., (two doors from Third st.) Opposite P. J. TANIAN'S.

Fashionable Boots Made at the Lowest Prices.

Repairing neatly done and satisfaction guaranteed: [je28

STEPHEN THOMAS,

PRIZE

BOOT MAKER,

LADIES AND MISSES BOOTS MADE TO ORDER

Paris, London and Melbourne. No. 142 Fourth Street, San Francisco. jy4-tf

WILLIAM O'CONNELL,

FASHIONABLE

Boot Maker.

818 HOWARD STREET, (Irish-American Hall) SAN FRANCISCO. jy4-tf

JESSE SELLERS. THOMAS KING

SELLERS & KING,

Boot and Shoe Store,

No. 19 Third Street, Cor. Stevenson, San Francisco.

Dealers and Manufacturers of Ladies', Gents' and Children's Shoes; also, a large stock of Boots and Shoes always on hand, at lowest prices.

WE WILL NOT BE UNDERSOLD. jy4-tf

COYLE'S BOOT AND SHOE STORE,

105 THIRD St,, (S. E. cor. Mission) SAN FRANCISCO.

Ladies' and Children's Boots and Shoes constantly on hand. Boots and Shoes made to Order at Short Notice. Repairing neatly done. je 14-tf

United Workingmen's San Francisco CO-OPERATIVE

The above stamp is placed on the Goods made by this Boot and Shoe Manufacturing Company; and they desire to inform the Trade and the Public that an unprincipled Boot and Shoe firm of this city (a house doing a large business, and which ought to be above such a trick) are stamping their Worthless Chinese-made goods with a partial imitation of our Stamp, hoping to sell their goods as our make, and thereby injure our trade. We employ no Chinese labor, nor ever did, and our goods have always given satisfaction and built up a trade which those parties in their petty meanness are seeking to deprive us of. Therefore, we caution all who wish to buy our goods and patronize WHITE LABOR, to see that they are stamped as above.

UNITED WORKINGMEN'S CO-OPERATIVE BOOT AND SHOE COMPANY. my24-tf

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MUSIC AND DANCING.

Sanders' Dancing Academy,

New Montgomery Street.

APPLY DAILY FROM NINE O'CLOCK A. M. till FIVE P. M.

SELECT PRACTICE PARTIES on Tuesday and Saturday evenings at eight o'clock. ap12-tf

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WATCHMAKERS AND JEWELERS.

[ESTABLISHED, 1857.]

Alfred Barrett,

JEWELER & WATCHMAKER,

No. 13 SECOND ST., SAN FRANCISCO.

All kinds of California Jewelry and Diamond Work, made and repaired. jly 5-tf

Wm. H. T. Clark,

WATCHMAKER & JEWELER,

Silver Plater and Gilder.

No. 31 THIRD St., (near Market,) SAN FRANCISCO.

All kinds of Plated Wares Repaired, and Old Silver Whitened and Finished to look equal to new. Orders sent through Wells, Fargo & Co. will receive prompt attention. j y5-tf

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MEDICAL.

PRIVATE MEDICAL AID

QUICK CURES MODERATE CHARGES

DR. W. K. DOHERTY'S

PRIVATE MEDICAL & SURGICAL INSTITUTE

(FOUNDED IN 1853.

No. 519 Sacramento Street, corner of Leidesdorff street (a few doors below the What Cheer House.) Private entrance on Leidesdorff street, San Francisco.

Established expressly to afford the Afflicted sound and scientific Medical Aid, in the treatment and cure of all Private and Chronic Diseases, cases of secrecy, and all sexual disorders.

TO THE AFFLICTED.

DR. W. K. DOHERTY RETURNS HIS SINCERE thanks to his numerous patients for their patronage, and would take this opportunity to remind them that he continues to consult at his Institute for the cure of CHRONIC DISEASES of the LUNGS, LIVER, KIDNEYS, DIGESTIVE and GENITO-URINARY ORGANS, and all private diseases, viz: SYPHILIS, in all its forms and stages; SEMINAL WEAKNESS, and all the horrid consequences of self-abuse; GONORRHŒA, GLEET, STRICTURES, NOCTURNAL and DIURNAL EMISSIONS, SEXUAL DEBILITY, DISEASES OF THE BACK and LOINS, INFLAMMATION OF THE BLADDER and KIDNEYS, etc., etc.; and he hopes his long experience and successful practice will continue to insure him a share of public patronage. By the practice of many years in Europe and the United States, he is enabled to apply the most efficient and successful remedies against diseases of all kinds. He cures without mercury, charges moderate, treats his patients in a correct and honorable way, and has references of unquestionable veracity from men of known respectability and high standing in society. All parties consulting him by letter or otherwise, will receive the best and gentlest treatment and implicit secrecy.

DR. DOHERTY would call attention to the following certificates, from two of his patients who having fully recovered their health, desire to make known their remedial agent. It will be seen their statements are fully authenticated by a Notary public.

The welfare of society imperiously demands their publicity, and they are given more to warn the unwary than to sound the praises of a Physician, of whom hundreds of like cases can be cited, during a practice of more than twenty years.

A CASE OF GLEET AND STRICTURE.

DR. DOHERTY—Dear Sir: I feel my health so fully restored that, in common gratitude, I believe I should make you some written acknowledgment, for your fee was small for the work performed.

I arrived in this city from the East about one year ago, and was then suffering from an old case of Gleet, complicated with Stricture. Being a stranger in the city, and believing that those doctors who give such positive assurances of success were necessarily the best, I placed myself in their charge, and continued under their treatment until I had lost nearly all hope and a considerable sum of money.

I wish to say now that you are the sixth doctor I have employed, and the only one that has ever done me any service. My Gleet is wholly cured, the Stricture is all removed, and my general health is better than it has been for years.

In conclusion, I would say to the many unfortunates who require medical advice, if you have any doubt as to whom you should employ, ask DR. DOHERTY for my address and call and see me. (I keep a store in this city.) My experience may save you many dollars.

I would also add that in the early stage of my disease, I used a large amount of the preparations advertised as infallible cures for Gonnorhœa, Gleet, etc., but never derived any benefit from them.

I am, Doctor, very truly yours, L——H——.

San Francisco, June 15th, 1864.

subscribed and sworn to before me this 21st day June, A. D., 1864.

(L. S.) A. S. GOULD, Notary Public

SEMINAL WEAKNESS—A SWORN-TO CERTIFICATE OF MOST REMARKABLE CURES OF SPERMATORRHŒA.

A desire to benefit suffering humanity, and a feeling of gratitude to DR. W. K. DOHERTY, alone induces me to make this statement. For many years I had been afflicted with that fearful disease known as "Spermatorrhœa" or Seminal weakness, the result of self-abuse, but till 1856 experienced but little trouble or inconvenience. In that year, however, I had Seminal weakness to a fearful extent, which was soon followed by the most alarming symptoms, as weakness of the back and limbs, pain in the head dimness of vision, nervousness and general debility. My mind, too, was affected to such an extent as to seriously impair my memory; my ideas were confused and spirits depressed. I was averse to society, had evil forebodings and self-distrust, and was entirely unfitted for any of the duties of life. From 1856 to the summer of 1863, I employed the very best medical talent I could find, and spent several hundred dollars, but in no instance obtained more than temporary relief. I had about concluded there was no relief for me in this world, but reading DR. DOHERTY'S card I thought I should call and see him, as he charged nothing for consultation. I had an interview with the doctor at his office, in Sacramento street, and his fee for treatment was so reasonable, I determined to try him, though I did not expect much benefit from his treatment. On the fifth of December last I placed myself under his care; in one week I found myself very much improved, and now, after five weeks treatment, I feel thoroughly cured of all my troubles, and in the enjoyment of the best of health. Hoping that my experience may be of benefit to others similarly afflicted, I subscribe myself.

JAMES JOHNSTON.

Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 15th day January, A. D., 1864.

[L. S.] A. G. RANDALL, Notary Public.

TO FEMALES.

When a female is enervated, or afflicted with disease, as weakness of the back and limbs, pain in the head, dimness of sight, loss of muscular power, palpitation of the heart, irritability, nervousness, extreme urinary difficulties, derangement of digestive functions, general debility, vaginitis, all diseases of the womb, hysteria, sterility, and all other diseases peculiar to females, she should go or write at once to the celebrated female doctor. W. K. DOHERTY, at his Medical Institute and consult him about her troubles and disease. The Doctor is effecting more cures than any other Physician in the State of California. Let no false delicacy prevent you, but apply immediately and save yourself from painful sufferings and premature death. All Married ladies whose delicate health or other circumstances prevent an increase in their families, should write or call at DR. W. K. DOHERTY'S Medical Institute, and they will receive every possible relief and help.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.

Patients male or female) residing in any part of the country however distant, who may desire the opinion and advice of Dr. Doherty in their respective cases, and who think proper to submit a written statement of such, in preference to holding a personal interview, are respectfully assured that their communications will be held most sacred. The Doctor is a regular graduate, and may be consulted with perfect confidence.

If the case be fully and candidly described, personal communication will be unnecessary, as instructions for diet, regimen, and the general treatment of the case itself (including the remedies,) will be forwarded without delay, and in such a manner as to convey no idea of the purport of the letter or parcel so transmitted.

☞ Consultations at the office or by letter, FREE. Permanent cure guaranteed or no pay. Address,

W. K. DOHERTY, M. D.,
San Francisco, Cal.

SPERMATORRHŒA.

DR. DOHERTY has published an important pamphlet embodying his own views and experiences in relation to Impotency, or Virility, being a short treatise on Spermatorrhœa, or Seminal Weakness, Nervous and Physical Debility consequent on this affection, and other diseases of the sexual organs.

This little work contains information of the utmost value to all, whether married or single, and will be sent free by mail on receipt of six cents in postage stamps for return postage. Address

W. K. DOHERTY, M. D.,
jy4-tf San Francisco Cal.

The Canadian Scandal.

It may be some comfort to the thieving millionaires and railroad robbers of United States that they are not alone in their iniquity. The following from our able contemporary, the Boston *Leader*, will show that not even the chilling frosts of Arctic regions can stifle the lively imagination, or surpress the greed for gain and distinction of those big jobbers who have at a distance regarded our Credit Mobilier operations with interest and envy:—

Mr. Huntington, a member of the Canadian Legislature, has lately accused the Dominion Parliament of bribery in the matter of the Canadian Pacific Railroad. He deliberately charged the government with selling the contract for the new road to Sir Hugh Allan for a certain sum of money, and though this statement was made before the House and in presence of the ministry, no voice was raised to stigmatize the accusation as a falsehood, or defend the conduct and character of the government. The motion to appoint a committee to take evidence in the matter, and roport to the House, was at first denied, but the strong protest of public opinion compelled Sir John A. McDonald soon after to move a similar resolution. More than four weeks elapsed before the committee was finally appointed and it was then ascertained that three of the five members belonged to the government and two only represented the opposition. At the first meeting it was moved that the committee adjourn until the 3d of July, as Sir Hugh Allan one of the parties accused was then absent from the country. The members then re-assembled but not to investigate the charge against the government as a postponement until the 13th of August was agreed upon.

Mr. Huntington has furnished the names of the witnesses, and published sufficient of the correspondence between Sir Hugh Allen and others to show that nearly one million of dollars was spent in bribery, and that the government if not shares of the spoils, were at least aware of the transaction. Members of the Legislature and the press were generously dealt with, and there is every indication of the most reckless and scandalous corruption. There is a well grounded belief, one which the evidence will probably snstain, that the members of the Dominican government were well paid for the services they had rendered or were expected to perform.

American capitalists who invested large sums of money in the new enterprise have for the present lost their estimated profits, and been accused of complicity in this disgraceful transaction. The Canadian people will learn that their representatives are not free from corruption, and that the charges made so often against their neighbors have been fully realized at home. We wait further developments during the investigations of the committee, and trust the proceedings will be of such a nature as to satisfy public opinion, and the most rigorous demands of justice.

Our Natural Friend and Ally.

Mr. Whitelaw Reid, editor of the *Tribune*, in his otherwise admirable address delivered last week before the United Literary Societies of Amherst, alludes to England as our "natural friend and ally." When we hear an American fool talk in this strain, we laugh; but to see an able and brilliant American journalist and scholar thus try to make a fool of himself, makes us sorry. When was England an ally to this country? When was she a friend? When was she *not* an enemy the moment the opportunity offered? A "*natural* friend?" Why "natural?" Can it be that Mr. Reid has allowed his clear head to become muddled with the twaddle about Anglo-Saxonism? *He* certainly cannot be ignorant of the fact that not one-fourth of the population of this country to-day is of English origin or descent. He may be of English origin himself, but, if so, he surely is not justified in speaking of this whole nation as "we," meaning by "we" that small Saxon element thereof. *We* think we—that is, the Celtic race—have as much right to speak in the name of this country as Mr. Reid presuming he represents the Saxon race. There is as much Celtic blood as Saxon in the clay of American battlefields. There is at least as much the trace of Celtic hands and as much shapen thought of Celtic brain on the face of the country and in its institutions, as there is in the Saxon hand and brain. For every man of Saxon descent whose name has adorned the pages of American history, we can point to two of Celtic breed. But, because a little ship-load of brave and sturdy English bigots came out here in the Mayflower some two centuries ago and managed to get themselves talked about ever since, this great nation of forty millions, made up of all that was adventurous and enterprising on the whole globe, must consent to be called Anglo-Saxon, and be regarded as the descendants of that handful of snivelling fanatics, who, unless their acknowledged descendants bear false witness against themselves were as unwilling as they were unable to be sufficiently profile to supply the present population of the single State of Massachusetts after two hundred years' reproduction! Shade of Horace Greeley! your bones would rattle in their grave if you could hear the editor of the *Tribune* call England "our natural friend and ally." Poor Horace liked the plain Anglo-Saxon language, it is true, and could use it to some effect; but he never made such emphatic use of it as he would have made in that same number of the *Tribune* in which Mr. Reid's speech appears, and on that same subject, too, if he were alive to read it.—*American Gael.*

Brevity the Soul of Wit.

In excruciating word-twisting our local journals are not singular. This is how the *London Morning Star*, told its readers of a forgery and execution while yet the pioneers of '49 were in a chrysalis condition. "The late Jonas Skinflint Senior among other accomplishments which he possessed, wrote a beautiful flowing hand, which is termed now-a-days a fine Roman hand, but unfortunately his distinctions between *meum* and *tuum* were not quite as square as they ought to have. He fell into a habit while laboring under temporary insanity of exercising his skill in penmanship by writing the names of other people on copperplate slips of paper in connexion with a pecuniary request to some one to pay to himself or bearer.——As a natural consequence, Skinflint one fine morning swung in mid air, his spirit flown to its last account, his body the fearful record of offended yet retributive justice" rather a hifalutin way of saying old Skinflint having commit a forgery, and being discovered was hung.

A gentleman having a horse that ran away and broke his wife's neck, a neighbor sought to buy the animal as a means of divorce. "No, no," said his owner; "I intend to marry again myself before long."

IRISH DIRECTORY.

Third (Irish) Regiment, N. G. C. Field and Staff Officers:—A. Wason, Colonel; M. C. Bateman, Lieutenant-Colonel; J. J. Conlin, Major; P. J. Tannian, Adjutant; W. Carey Quartermaster; J. D. Cushson, Paymaster; James Barrett, Commissary; Dr. Green, Surgeon; Rev. Father Largan, Chaplain; Color-Bearer, John Gleason.

Co. A, Montgomery Guards; Captain, C. Quinn; First Lieutenant, W. Lee; Second Lieutenant, T. Bolster, drill in Armory Hall.

Co. B, Shields Guards; Captain, M. Flanagan; J. Hand First Lieutenant; P. McEleer, Second Lieutenant; drill in Hibernia Hall every Wednesday.

Co. C, Wolfe Tone Guards; Captain, J. Leddy; First Lieutenant, M. O'Brien; Second Lieutenant, John Byrne; drill in Armory Hall every Thursday.

Co. D, Meagher Guards: Captain, J. Eagan; D. T. Sullivan, First Lieutenant; D. J. Sullivan, Second Lieutenant; drill in Armory Hall.

Co. E Emmet Life Guards; Captain, R. Clery; I. G. Hayden, First Lieutenant; H. Fowkes, Second Lieutenant; drill in Irish-American Hall every Thursday

Co. H, MacMahon Guards; Captain, J. H. McMenomy; First Lieutenant, H. Casey; Second Lieutenant, E. F. Gleason; drill in Hall corner Sixth and Market every Tuesday.

Sarsfield Guards, (Independe t): Captain, H. C. Bateman; First Lieutenant, S. C. Walsh; drill in Irish-American Hall. on Tuesdays.

Co, A. Legion of St Patrick; Captain, M. B. Hughes; drill in Hibernia Hall every Tuesday.

Hibernia Rifles; Captain, Thomas Desmond; First Lieutenant, M. J. Gaven; Second Lieutenant, John McGrath; First Sargeant, J. J. Carroll; Second Sergeant, J. B. Walsh; Third Sargeant, Thomas Flynn, drill in Irish-American Hall every Wednesday.

Jackson Dragoons; Captain, M. Greany; E. McPhillips, First Lieutenant, T. W. Collins, Second Lieutenant; P. F. McGrath, Brevet Second Lieutenant. Drill in La Grande Armory every Friday.

Sons of the Emerald Isle—Meet first Wednesday of the month at Irish-American Hall. Nicholas Ennis, President; P. A. Dacey, V. P.; J. O'Brien, R. S.; P. S. Guerin, F. S.; J. Burke, C. S.; J. O'Connell, T.; Dr. Newell, corner Mission and New Montgomery, Physician.

Irish-Americans—Meet in Irish-American Hall. Joh Collins, President; T. McInerney, V. P.; J. O'Donnell, R. S.; M. J. McInerney, F. S.: J. Heany, C. S.; J. Grant, T.; Dr. Hutchings, 222 Post street, Physician.

Laborers' Protective and Benevolent Association—Meet first Friday of each month at Irish-American Hall. M. Sullivan, President; M. Callahan, Secretary.

St. Joseph's Temperance, L. and B. Association—Meet every Sunday at two o'clock P. M. Daniel MacSweeney, President; M. O'Brien Secretary.

St. Mary's Temperance and Literary Society—Meet every Sunday in the basement of St. Mary's Cathedral. J. Anderson, President.

Father Matthew Temperance Society—Meet every Sunday evening in Irish-American Hall. Henry Hall, President.

St. Joseph's Benevolent Society—Meet in basement of St Mary's Cathedral. J. R. Kelly, President; N. Winne, Secretary.

Irish Volunteers—Captain, T. Lynch; drill on Mondays.

Thomas F. Burke Circle, F. B—Centre, P. H. Lydon; Secretary, Thomas Kehoe.

A. O. H.—State Officers: M. Warde, S. D.; J. J. Donovan, S. S.

County Officers: M. J. Wrin, C. D.; J. F. Meagher, G. P.; J. T. Barry, G. V. P.; T. Drady, G. S.; P. Carr, G. A. S.; John Cooney, G. T.

Division No. 1.—Meet first Friday of the month at Hibernia Hall. J Barrett, President; J. M. Dwyer, V. P.; J. B. Harrington R. S.; M. Kelly, F. S.; C. Dillon, T.

Division No. 2.—Meet first Thursday of the month at Hibernia Hall. Wm. Simpson President; J. B. Oliver, V. P.. B. McDermott, R. S.; J. Reed, F. S.; M. McManomy, T.

Division No. 3.—Meet third Tuesday of the month at Charter Oak Hall. H. Gallagher, President; P. D. Ryan, V. P.; E. Herrick, F. S.; J. Gallagher, R. S; C. Farrelly, T.

Division No. 4.—Meet first and third Friday of the month at Irish-American Hall. J. Butler, President; J. H. Gilmore, V. P.; T. D. Sullivan, R. S.; T. Flanagan, F. S.; P. Kendrick, T.

Division 5.—Meet first Wednesday of the month at their Hall, Dolores Street. P. R. Hanna, President; B. Rierdon, V. P.; J. McGrath, R S.; P. Harrington, F. S.; John Kenny, T.

Division 6.—Meet second and fourth Friday of the month at Charter Oak Hall. M. C. Hassett, President, J. J. Desmond, V. P.; James P. Meagher, R. S.; E. R. Birmingham, F. S.; Thos. Donnelly, T.

Division 7.—Meet first Wednesday of the month at Riggers' and Stevedores' Hall, Pacific street. W. Higgins, President; J. W. Murphy V.P.; B. C. Mooney R. S.; J. Kelly, F.S.; J. O'Callaghan, T.

Division No. 8.—Meet at Tammany Hall. W. Gilleran, President; D. Coyne, V. P.; H. McClosky, F. S.; T. Flynn, R. S.; T. Laughlin, T.

Sacramento County—Division No. 1—M. V. O'Brien, C D; R. Hughes, P; P. J. Brown, V P; J. Cronin, R S; B. Lucy, F S; W. J. O'Brien, T.

Division No. 2—D. Flynn, P; J. Donovan, V P; J. Carroll, R S; R. J. Dowling, F S; M. Coffey, T.

San Joaquin County—Division No. 1, (Stockton)—J. Ward, C D; J. A. Morissy, P; J. Murray, V P; J. McCarthy, R S; P. M. Darcy, F S; J. O. Donnell, T.

Solano County—Division No. 1, (Vallejo)—D. Bresnahan, C D; P. Kelly, P; J. Moran, V P. T. Welch, R S; J. Kennedy, F S; J. Goar, T.

Alameda County—Division No. 1, (Oakland)—T. D. Cronin, C D; M. Fitzgerald, P.

Yuba County—Division No. 1, (Marysville)—M. J. Petit, C D; J. Byrnes, P; J. Walshe, V P; J. Donohoe, F S; M. Flynn, T.

Division No. 2, (Smartsville)—J. McQuaide, P; J. Long, V P; M. Kelly, R S; C. Slattery, F S; A. Kerrigan, T.

Santa Clara County—Division No. 1, (San Jose)—H. Kelly, C D; J. Johnson, V P; D. Coakley, R S; J. J. Conny, F S; D. Noonan, T.

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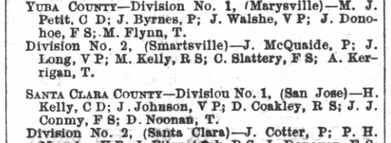
We have started with the above as a beginning for what we intend to make a standing Directory for all the Irish Organizations, military and civic, on this Coast. To enable us to supply omissions, and to make the Directory full and satisfactory, we respectfully call on the Secretaries of the different Irish societies of the city and the State to forward us at once the names of their officers, the time and place of meeting, the date of their organization, and whatever other information they may deem important. We will publish all matters of importance without charge.



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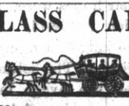
For  Hire.
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THE IRISH NATIONALIST.

SAN FRANCISCO, AUGUST 2, 1873.

"Who is abject enough to despair of the Cause of Right, and Truth, and Freedom?"

JOHN MITCHEL, Oct. 25th, 1853.

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CAPTAIN McCAFFERTY.

In the case of any one who has ever tried to serve Ireland, we would wish to avoid saying anything harsh or unfriendly; but, at the same time, we will not shrink from a duty because it may be one disagreeable or painful to perform. We have to deal just now with a gratuitous *pronunciamento* recently sent forth to the world, from the base of the Rocky Mountains, through the columns of the *Register*, Central City, Colorado. We cheerfully admit the Captain to be a dashing soldier, and *know* that from '65 to his trial and imprisonment in '67, he was ever found ready for even a forlorn hope in the service of Irish republicanism. There was to be sure a tinge of poetry and romance, of recklessness and castle building in his character, which made his friends think more highly of his heart than of his head. That he had talent was conceded; that he applied it always in the right direction was gravely doubted. All who knew him well believed, as we do, that, in spite of his eccentricities, our Cause had no stauncher friend than he. We might add that, for ourselves, we think him in his own way true as ever; and though, through an error of judgment he published the letter referred to, we account in a way of our own for the change that has come "o'er the spirit of his dream."

Captain McCafferty in the early days of '67 had a vision of dazzling splendor. He saw himself the honored chief of thousands of the Irish exiles then in England, saw Chester Castle surprised and taken, with its stores and 30,000 rifles, saw telegraph wires cut down, railroads ripped up, bridges destroyed, the Holyhead steamers sailed by crews of his own, and finally a successful landing on the Irish shore, and the proud up-lifting of the Irish banner on the Wicklow mountains. And with flashing eyes and throbbing hearts the men gathered round him, and exultant thoughts were surging through the Captain's soul. He was ready, but the infamous Corydon (or Corrigan) was readier yet, and the night of the 11th of February saw that dazzling vision disappear for ever. Since that time, the Captain has never been the man he was before. There are many others, in a greater or less degree, in the same predicament. The brighter their hopes were, the darker was the gloom which followed. Next came the felon's dock, the judge's sentence, and the pollution of the prison. The solitary confinement the darkened cell, the savage malice of brutal jailors, and the upcoming of despair shattered many a noble intellect, and life went out in the drivelling of the idiot of the raving or the maniac. Even where the wreck was not complete, the foundations of reason were in many cases sapped, and nothing saved the downfall of additional victims but their restoration to the world once more. Now, our theory is, that the tortures mental and physical which Capt. McCafferty underwent in British prison dens have somewhat affected his mind, and made him considerably more eccentric than before. We say this with regret, and do not intend it as a sneer. A man may be strangely peculiar in his ideas on some points, and perfectly sound on all others. The odd habits and expressions of the Captain, coupled with an over-fondness for rushing into print, and hitting every head he met, made him much talked of while he resided in Kansas City. In reference to the Central City letter in which he repudiates all further connection with Irish Nationality, the *Evening News* (July 17) says that, "Many can be found in Kansas City who regard the Captain as a fraud of the first water, and these will not consider the cause of Ireland much crippled by his desertion of it, but on the contrary will rejoice that it is so."

It is but a short time since we found him at Omaha, and there is assigned no reason why he should so soon publish a letter a column long in Colorado. He, however, will not keep his light under a bushel, but tells the people round Pike's Peak a good deal of his hopes, his sacrifices, losses, daring and suffering; and then bewails the fact that he had sacrificed his own interest for "an inconsistent, impracticable and ungrateful people." He next reminds the editor that he is an American by birth, and thinks of the Irish question from an alien standpoint. He goes on to assert that had the "old women of Ireland the heart and nerve of the ladies of ancient Sparta, there are enough of them to shake off the British fetters, if they were properly organized." We concur in this opinion as to the efficacy of organization, but would have preferred to hear our wives, mothers, and sisters spoken of in a more respectful manner. If the breach at Limerick is an immortal laurel, if the hearts of Irish girls and boys are prone to generous thoughts and noble deeds, if the green hill-sides of Holy Ireland glow in the light of patriotism, love and purity, if in short the rust of the slave's collar has not eaten into our souls, whom have we to thank but those "old women" of Ireland whose red blood bounds in our veins? The Captain, apparently conscious that they have no equals in Christendom, jumps into paganism, and ludicrously lands among the soulless viragoes of ancient Sparta!

After this compliment to the women, he turns on the men, and though there are truth and force in some of his assertions, his manner of address is slightly ferocious. He says:—

"There have been conventions after conventions, there will be conventions following conventions, and what has Ireland gained — what will she gain by them? Irishmen, you are not men! in fact, if you were only half men, there would never nave been any licking of Gladstone's feet for the release of the Irish state prisoners. How long will you allow those humble yet noble patriots to pine away in those 'prison pens?' You deserve to be laced morning, noon and night, you miserable apes!

Having finally concluded that the Irish are minus the heart and nerve necessary to secure their emancipation, I am therefore compelled in justice to myself, to retire from the Irish national movement—a movement replete with effeminacy."

It is quite true that petty jealousies and despicable personalities have converted several conventions into babbling halls where splitting hairs were carefully attended to, and the inauguration of any effective line of action treated as a thing beneath consideration. But if thus it has been in the past, is it to be thus forever? If our blunders have been legion, are we to go on blundering to the end? If we have followed false lights and trodden false paths, are we never to find the true one? The Captain may be a tip top soldier, but he is neither a seer nor a prophet. He ought to know that the revolutionists are not those who petition and cringe, and fawn and speechify, and that it is unfair to accuse them of the practice. He might have met and did meet some in Ireland who were MEN and not "miserable apes." He appears, however to care little about being exact, for in another place he tells us that were all known, it "would necessarily make every Irishman, woman and child possessed of the least shade of National honor blush the blush of shame." (!) Now, if this is not utter effrontery, in which a whole nation is insulted without a cause, we should like to know what effrontery means. He draws a conclusion "most lame and impotent" when he asserts that for their emancipation, the Irish are minus the "heart and nerve." Now, our conclusion, based on as long an experience as the Captain's, is somewhat different. It is this, that for the final triumph of their cause, what the Irish want is not heart or nerve but ARMS, and these arms the Irish-Americans promised to give to the men at home, and failed to keep their word.

As this article is already too long, we will content ourselves with saying that neither the defection of Captain McCafferty, nor of any other man or set of men, can prevent the people of Ireland from working for, and at the proper moment *fighting* for Irish Independence. We want men who when they put their hands to the plough will look not back, men who will hope against hope, and watch through the night for the coming of the dawn, men who will battle against disaster, and persevere to the end. And, believe us, Friends, the Captain's peculiar opinions to the contrary notwithstanding, that—THE END IS NOT YET.

ORANGE-ISM.

Father O'Malley has lately published a book, entitled "Home Rule on the Basis of Federalism," and in it takes occasion to address some kindly words of patriotism and christian charity to the Orangemen. He shows the absurdity of their present position, and calls on them to shake hands with their brothers, trample fanaticism under foot, repudiate England, and turn to Ireland as to their mother. He reasons with them in this fraternal fashion:—

"Orangemen in Ireland, let me tell you that your society, with its actual principles and objects, is absolutely without one scintilla of a *raison d'etre*. The genuine and generous principle of your order was the maintenance of civil and religious liberty. Lately you altered your tone, greatly for the worse, in your cry of religious ascendancy. Even admiting that you held the ascendancy of your Church to be neccessary for your religious freedom, what excuse have you for that cry now? What danger is there now for Civil and Religious Liberty and is not your 'Ascendancy' gone to the dogs? You vehemently remonstrated against the disestablishment of the Church. The English Parliament treated your remonstrance with contempt. I now call upon you to pay your allegiance to that Parliament in the same coin, and join your countrymen in their resolve to get rid of it for ever."

It is creditable to Father O'Malley's large-hearted liberality to find him reminding them, that he holds still to the sentiments uttered by him two years ago before the Home Government Association. Here are the terms in which he spoke of the Orange body:—

"Their idol, too, after all, was better than ours. William of Orange was undoubtedly one of the largest minded men of his day, and the cause which triumphed through him was the glorious cause of civil and religious liberty. And if the Orangemen will once more truthfully resume that cause, from which perverse circumstances have turned them aside, there is no reason why we may not be good friends. And if they will do that, I believe the time is not far off, when, notwithstanding all that it has cost us, we, too, shall rejoice in William's triumph, and on every 17th of March crown his brow with a wreath of Shamrocks, and on every 12th of July adorn his breast with a broad scarf of green."

THE GAELIC TONGUE.

The reader of Irish history is familiar with the persistent efforts of our enemies to stamp out and utterly destroy the national language, so that its soft tones should be heard on earth no more. Proscribed and banned like every thing else purely Irish, it has perforce fallen into disuse among the great bulk of our people. The exertions patriotically made within the last half century have done much to avert the extinction which threatened it, and hopes are now entertained by many that it may yet be made the living language of a liberated nation. Without being nearly so sanguine on the point ourselves we think that the scholars who have raised the language from the dust where it was decaying and given it a place of honor before the world, should be encouraged in their labors, and their footsteps followed to the best of every Irishman's ability and opportunity. If we cannot all learn Gaelic so well as to make it the medium of familiar speech, we can yet learn it as we do Latin. Our youths spend years in trying to discover the beauties hidden in the classic authors of Greece and Rome, beauties spoiled by translation—while, as did the California Diggers, they pass over unheeded the boundless wealth in the mines at their feet. The rich historic and legendary stores locked up in Irish books and manuscripts, would compensate any student for the trouble of learning how to *read* Gaelic, if he did no more.

It is something strange in our story, that the language which so many *shoneen* Irishmen affect to despise, now commands the most earnest study of the greatest linguists and philologists of Europe. Among them, it is settled as an axiom that an Academic course in the science of languages is never profound or complete unless Celtic be one of the studies mastered. In all the great German and Austrian universities there are Professors of Irish, and these professors command higher salaries than those of any other language. Again, our conntrymen in the United States are in many places, making commendable exertions to revive our ancient tongue and should be aided, instead of being discouraged and retarded, in such exertions. What the Welsh among their mountains have done, and are doing, Irishmen can and will do if they have any sterling national spirit. Irish music and Irish song have found their way to the ends of the earth; and, if the scholars and patriots who are endeavouring to promote the study of Gaelic, and extend its usefulness, receive the encouragement and support which they deserve, the next generation will see more Irish-speaking men tread the earth than did our fathers. Even now, west of the line drawn from Waterford to Derry, there may be found in Ireland alone—with its sadly diminished population—a million and a half of persons who use Irish as their household speech.

We might expect Saxons to dissent from the opinion that we should cherish the language of ancient Erin, but confess our astonishment at such a paper as the Boston *Pilot* stultifying its record so far as to throw cold water on anything like its preservation and use. Unlike the NATIONALIST, the *Pilot* professes to be intensely religious and superlatively charitable. With something, which we are tempted to liken to a sanctimonious snivel, it says, in its issue of July 12, that, as Christ preached to the Gentile as well as to the Jew, the revival of the Gaelic is "opposed to that spirit which tends to draw closer and closer all men into one brotherhood." The writer pronounces the attempt "absurd," but would condescendingly permit its study after the manner of Greek for the roots of words in modern languages. Irish literature he wants dished up in translations. Mixing up his philological blunders with errors that betray ignorance of Church history, the all-embracing love of this cosmopolitan Christian breaks out in this pathetic fashion:—

"God knows we are far enough from brotherhood with England without breaking the only tie that connects us. By-and-by the time will come when that tie will be a blessing: when the old countries are living together in peace, and by-gones are by-gones."

This is charity altogether too inflammable for us. How dares this half-informed scribbler state anything about what "God knows?" Is it, in his eyes, blasphemy to believe that we are *not* far enough from brotherhood with England, and that Irishmen will never be worthy of the destiny for which God intended them, until they be as separate—politically at least—as the Green Isle of our fathers is geograpically separate and distinct from Great Britain? An angry sea at the command of God rolls between the islands, and He in his own good time will, we trustfully hope, cause the billows of revolution to rise in their wrath, and sever Ireland's connection as a nation with England forever.

Now, we can do no more than recommend the *Pilot* to employ editors who know how to steer clear of heresy, and have a little knowledge of English grammar and general history. If a respectable model as a religious paper be not at hand, we would suggest that the Boston men get the San Francisco *Monitor*, read it, and try to imitate it. If they want anything genuinely Irish, they will, of course, waste some midnight oil over the pages of the NATIONALIST.

MARSHAL MACMAHON can afford to pardon the leaders of the criminal Communists, but Gladstone cannot think of imitating his example by granting an amnesty to the political prisioners whose only offence is an attachment to Ireland.

ORDERS have been sent to the Captain-General of Cuba giving him power to adopt the same measures against the insurgents on that island, which the government has employed against the Carlists in Spain.

TERENCE BELEW McMANUS.

Anything which vividly recalls the memory of departed worth, or incites us to walk in the footsteps of men whom posterity will honor, has in itself an attraction for us which, when the memory and the example are connected with Ireland's long struggle for independence, must have a powerful influence over even the dullest of souls. We feel this in no common degree, when, on entering to-day the studio of our genial friend, the distinguished artist, J. A. Harrington, Mercantile Library Building, we found ourselves flung back a quarter of a century, and made think again of the stirring times of '48, by being brought, as it were, face to face once more with the unselfish, generous and Irish form of the departed and lamented patriot, Terence Bellew McManus. Gazing upon the splendid oil painting which does such credit to Mr. Harrington's ability, one is apt to forget the present, and dream, looking again for the flashing of genius which illuminated the firmament of Ireland in the period when McManus and his gallant comrades were full of hope, and while yet there gleamed before them a vision of a land made free and glorious by their shining swords.

The painting admirably executed, to the least of its details, is worth intrinsically $500, and has of course a much higher value to the lover of what is exalted in human nature. Knowing that this portrait has been ordered by the Nationalists of San Francisco, and offered by them to the holders of tickets as a means of raising a fund for the purpose of presenting a suitable Testimonial to Miss McManus, the sister of the deceased patriot, we took a special interest in critically examining the painting which is to be the prize, and have no hesitation in affirming that, could others realize its value as we do, the number of tickets taken by the Nationalists of San Francisco alone would amount to several thousands.

In this matter of thoroughly disposing of the tickets already printed, we give credit for what is done already, but would like to see a little more energy put into the business. The various Irish societies and military companies should be ashamed of themselves if they do not make a respectable showing. Not only in the city, but in every town in the State should committees be formed to give effect to the well-conceived design of giving aid and sympathy to the worthy lady whom we have mentioned, and who, because of her long struggle with adverse circumstances, now finds herself face to face almost with poverty. We have the idea that when a patriot does his duty so far as ability and opportunity permit, the least of those dependent on them—especially when the patriot may be in the prison or the tomb—should be considered as the nation's ward, and as such should be protected, fostered and cherished. Now, if there was anything at all true about McManus himself, it was that in the depths of his soul lay enshrined such a pure and holy love for Ireland, and such a readiness to make sacrifice in the cause of Irish liberty, that all thought of self was forgotten. The lady in whose behalf the Testimonial is designed is the one who was nearest and dearest to him; and, therefore, if we would not prove recreant to our duty, we shall come forward voluntarily and at once show her by practical work that, despite the opposition received from millionaires, she has among the unbought millions of the Irish race, friends and brothers.

We reserve till next week some most interesting details respecting this matter. Meantime, we call on all our friends who would do themselves honor to be up and active in sending for ward this patriotic undertaking. The painting will, in a few days, be on exhibition at J. C. Talbot's, 28 Kearny street, San Francisco.

THE GOLDEN LINK OF THE CROWN.

That link is certainly the dearest piece of jewelry which mother Ireland ever wore. The connection makes rich England richer, and poor Ireland poorer. Here are a few figures which speak more forcibly than would volumes of rhetoric, According to the late returns laid before parliament, the annual exports from the United Kingdom amount to £223,000,000. Of that Ireland did not own half a million! The imports were valued at £331.000,000, of which Ireland had £8,700,000. The property and income assessed in England amounts, to £370,000,000, in Scotland to £38,700,000, in Ireland to less than £26,000,000. That is Ireland has about one-seventeenth of the general wealth of the Empire, but is obliged to contribute one-tenth of the revenue, In view of these facts, and others of like nature, the fossil-repealer, O'Neill Daunt and a Home Rule Committee, publish a pamphlet showing that England is daily defrauding Ireland. To the great bulk of Irishmen, no pamphlet was necessary to prove the assertion, England *has* robbed our country, and will continue to rob it, until that same Golden Link of the Crown shall be severed by the sharp edge of the Sword.

THOMAS WILLIAM BEAY, an Englishman, staying at the Charing Cross Hotel, London, went to celebrate the Fourth of July by stepping out a four story window, and walking along the ledge, he stepped down, came through a glass roof, and landed upon the portico with a fracture of the skull, which a few days rest will set all right. He wants to see somebody else do it, and escape so easily.

THE Shah of Persia is said to be impressed much less by the crowds, cheering, and manufacturers of England than by the columns and squadrons of the review ground of St. Petersburg. So mote it be.

FRANCE.

What France requires at preseut is repose—absolute repose,—in which to bind up her wounds, to repair her loses, to resolve the many unsettled questions which may distract her peace. That repose the Administration of Marshal MacMahon has given to the country. The high personal character, the transparent fidelity, the unsullied honor of the Marshal, soothe the suspicions of a suspicious race, and banish all idea that he will attempt the *role* either of Cromwell or of Monck. It may safely be predicted that the present calm will be of some considerable duration. The Marshal has taken advantage of this calm to carry out the great reforms in the internal condition of France. The first of these is the restoration of Free Trade. The second is the reconstruction of the army, so that the recurrence of such a national disaster as the result of the late war shall be made impossible. The third reform consists in giving effect to such measures as will effectually put down and keep down the red-handed communists.

Pierce Nagle.

The accident which befel Pierce Nagle is very curious—five or six bullets, four of which, it appears, were extracted from "a Mr. Kennedy" in St. Bartholomew's Hospital, London, and Mr. Kennedy got his accident, according to the London *Standard*, through jealousy. Was "the Saviour of his Country" in love? What sort of a Cupid cocked his bow and arrow at him? But no, this is the last of the modern improvements. Cupid, the little blind God, has left aside his bow and arrow, and taken to Colt's patent" and could slash, blind as he is, into the "Saviour of his Country" without missing a crack. The ways of God's eternal justice are very strange. The man, who saved his country by "setting" the Fenians seven years ago, reaps the the reward of his services to law and order, and goes to enjoy his *otium cum dignitate* safely, meets an accident, six bullets through jealousy! !—changes his name from Nagle to Kennedy, and calls out loudly in the hospital for the doctor and the devil. If this creature of jealousy be dead, was an inquest held on him? If Kennedy was Pierce Nagle, where is he, living or dead? We would be sorry in a sense for "Mr." Kennedy. Jealousy is a terrible passion—high or low, no man escapes it—sooner or later it strikes—it is a terrible passion this jealousy. Could any one draw a moral distinction between Pierce Nagle and the woman who used him against an honest man's peace of mind. She must have a troubled conscience when she reflects that she has caused the "Saviour of the Country"—Mr. Attorney-General Sullivan's "Saviour of his country"—to be thus injured. No one should inquire anywhere until some of the Irish worthy M P.'s puts the question to the House of Commons. We want to hear Mr. Nagle's tale of love—it is almost as interesting as Lady Mordaunt's and the Prince of Wales's.

It is in all seriousness, it is to be hoped that the miserable informer may be only badly wounded, and that long years of physical and mental torture may in some degree expiate the infamous treason of which he was guilty. We have known some wrecks of '98 traitors; and, in view of the gilded sepulchral wretchedness afflicting them, we are almost tempted to forget that they should be shot down as wolves; and instead pray that their years of agony and infamy should be numerous as those of Mathuselah.

SELAH!

The Fate of the Modoc Murderers.

CAPTAIN JACK AND HIS ACCOMPLICES TO BE SHOT.—The Washington *Chronicle* of July 30, states somewhat implicity that the result of the Modoc Court-Martial has not yet officially reached the Adjutant General's office; but unofficial advices have been received, and that from an officer of the Department, in which a full and detailed foreshadowing is given of the fate of the Modoc murderers. They are to be shot one and all. There is no mistake about this. The papers have yet to go to the Secretary of War and the President for this action in the premises. General Jeff. C. Davis earnestly hopes that the approval of the Executive will supplement the findings of the Court, and the statement is made that the whole Pacific Coast will be directed to the action taken by the President in the matter.

TELEGRAPH NEWS BOILED DOWN.

The Insurgents in Spain are causing a great deal of trouble, and will have to be somewhat roughly handled by the authorities empowered by the Federal Government of our Spanish Republic. Those malcontents have a few small war vessels in their hands, and though their power is little their threats are unlimited. They are, however, as much opposed to monarchy and Don Carlos as the most ultra-oppositionist of Madrid. The gentleman mentioned, instead of marching on the Capital (as the correspondents had it), has betaken himself to Biscay, whence he may—"convaynient to the say"—effect an escape when nothing better is left him.

In the London talking-shop, the House of Commons, the little proposal of Mr. Gladstone to grant an annuity of £200,000, or close on a million dollars a year, to the Duke of Edinburgh, caused on Thursday night quite a storm among English and Scotch members. They couldn't see why a son of the richest widow in Europe—Madame Victoria, beloved of Highland John—could not get married on his own hook, without begging from the over-taxed British public.

The French Assembly, in its effort to support the side of law and order, has won golden opinions for itself by a hearty address to His Holiness, the Pope.

THE public writers of Russia, are very frank; they tell us the chief motive of their government in extending their conquests in Central Asia, is the desire to obtain fresh fields for a commerce which shall be exclusively Russian.

CITY NEWS OF THE WEEK.

The various Municipal Conventions have been industriously engaged in selecting "victims for sacrifice," during the present week.

In the Democratic Convention the followin. nominations have been made: Mayor, Capt. J McDonald; Tax Collector, Alexander Austin; Auditor, Monroe Ashbury; Treasurer, Jos. Clark; Superintendant of Streets, Thos. Agnew Public Administrator, Thos. Golden; Chief of Police, T. G. Cockrell; City Attorney, Chas. Matthews; Recorder, Otto Frank; Coroner, Dr. Rice; Surveyor, Wm. Humphreys; County Clerk, Wm. Harney; Sheriff P. J. White; Fire Commissioners, Gordon E. Sloss, William Ford; Dist. Attorney, T. P. Ryan; Harbor Master, C. H. Hewitt; Supt. Schools, Jas. Denman.

The Taxpayers Convention has not as yet made public the result of its labors, but it is pretty certain that the following have been selected: For Tax Collector, Alexander Austin; Surveyor, James Gardiner; Public Administrator, Simon Meyer; Auditor, Monroe Ashbury; County Clerk, William Harney; Harbor Commissioner, C. L. Taylor; Treasurer, J. A. Bauer District Attorney, D. J. Murphy; City Attorney, W. C. Burnett; Superintendent of Schools, J. H. Widber; Chief of Police, P. Crowley; For Sheriff no nomination has been made as yet, though nearly one hundred ballots have been taken. Rumor has it that the names of Adams, McKibbin and others now before this Convention will be withdrawn, and the name of M. J. Burke, ex-chief of Police accepted as a compromise candidate,

The Liberal Reformers have thus far nominated the following: Mayor. Capt. J. McDonald; Tax Collector, A. Austin; Chief of Police, P. J. Crowley; Auditor, M. Asbhury; County Clerk, Wm. Harney; Sheriff; J. P. White; Superintendent Schools, Jas. Denman; Recorder, L. Herman; Coroner, Dr. W. G. Weyman; District Attorney, D. J. Murphy; Supt. Schools, Jas. Denman; Supt. Streets, Jno. Apel.

A MEETING of the Woman's Anti-Taxpaying Association was held on Wednesday afternoon at Anthony's Hall. The object is to resist the collection of taxes on property owned solely by woman—on the ground that women are not allowed to vote—and that there can be no just taxation without representation. This dissatisfaction amongst the fair taxpayers is a source of amusement to the "outside barbarians," but it can not be anything but ominous for the worthy Tax Collector, Mr. Austin.

WARNER, the well-known proprietor of the North Beach Menagerie, has become bankrupt, while his pets are marching on to some more solvent locality, where festive hoodlums may while away the weary hours of a Sunday afternoon by poking the cinnamon bear in the ribs, or tantalizing their ill-natured Darwinian cousins. The glory has departed from the old whisky mill, but the odor of the time-honored menagerie hangs round it still.

DR. PAUL M. BRENAN delivered his lecture on the Laws of Health before the Father Matthew Society at Irish-American Hall on Sunday evening last. The lecture was both entertaining and instructive; and at its termination the talented lecturer was warmly applauded. The remainder of the programme was unexceptional, and was thoroughly enjoyed by the enthusiastic audience which had assembled.

THE *Post* wants to know why the Champions of female independence slumber, and suggests that some Webster in petticoats should mount the rostrum and treat us to a trumpet blast. Oh, Lord, how long will a well-regulated journal like the *Post* allow its reckless writers to handle such dangerous subjects, and draw down on a long-suffering public the thunders of some excited beldame!! The *Post's* paragraph is as inflammatory to the Pitt Stevens' Brigade as a red flag waved before a Spanish *toro*.

THE twelve nominees for Assembly of the Republican County Committee of San Francisco—D. McClellan, G. F. Von Rhein, S. H. Wetherbee, P. L. Weaver, J. Kittredge, B. H. Bancroft, J. M. Johnson, F. Clay, S. Foster, P. H. Blake, J. Buhlert and C. M. Leavy—have given the required written assent to the Platform and accompanying Resolutions adopted by the Convention.

A BIBULOUS individual on Wednesday last threw a back somersault through a large-plate glass window at No. 412 Montgomery street. There was a terrific crash, one wild and excited yell, and a justly irate shopman might have been seen plying his right foot with fearful effect on the nether garments of the unhappy drunk.

JOHN JANES having refused an introduction to Thos. Ansbro, couching his refusal in unparliamentary language, compelled Judge Louderback to fine him twenty dollars. Ansbro, for using physical force to rebut argument contributed forty dollars to the City Treasury.

PATRICK QUIRK, who has been rusticating for some time in Livermore, came to the city last week with $70 in his pocket. After a noturnal cruise along the Barbary Coast, he anchored penniless in the Police Court, the happy possessor of a prodigious "head" which some scientific rounder had put on him.

THE total tonnage of the vessels in port last week under charter to load wheat amounted to 181,000 tons.

JUDGE LOUDERBACK has resumed his seat in the Police Court, and there is weeping and gnashing of teeth among the Barbary-Coasters.

JUST now, we can rest assured that the City funds will not be misapplied, not because an election approaches—but that the County Exchequer is empty.

GEORGE HANSON, a German, illustrated his dislike for our community, on last Sunday by taking a speedy departure therefrom. He used inch and a quarter hemp and a stout hook.

THE Clay street Railroad is rapidly approaching completion; and "Five at the office, four on the cars" will shortly be posted up.

HANGING for murder is not "played out," as was exemplified on the 18th inst, when Chas, A. Russell surrendered his life for the murder of Jas. Crotty on Montgomery Street.

FRANK MAYO is playing to full houses at the California Theatre. *Davy Crockett* is the attraction.

MISS PATEMAN is winning golden opinions in the title *rcle* of *The New Magdalen* at Shiel's Opera House.

THE Pacific Glass Works, located on the Potrero, closed last week—owing to lack of sufficient patronage.

THE picnic of the Shields Guard, held at Fassking's Gardens, Alameda, on Sunday, was well attended, lively and pleasant.

THREE hundred and thirteen inmates have their abode in the Alms House, all doing well. Who growls about hard times?

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS ITEMS.

A fire of considerable proportions, and supposed to be caused by spontaneous combustion, broke out on Wednesday night last in the government bonded warehouse, Greenwich street, New York. The loss is estimated at half a milliou dollars.

On Wednesday last, E. B. Haslett, a dentist residing at Los Angeles, Cal., being unable to make up his mind as to which of several ladies he should adore, took an ounce of Chloral hydrate and went to sleep — sleep that knows no waking—with a handkerchief saturated with choloroform on his face. He had evidently studied science to some purpose.

The five Brigands who, revolver in hand, took charge of a train on the Rock Island (Ill.) railroad, and who appropriated the contents of Wells, Fargo & Co's safe, made the little mistake of overlooking three tons of bullion which was being carried east. No wonder they curse their luck.

The Mayor and leading citizens of Clonmel are getting up a congratulatory address and substantial Testimonial for presentation to the newly-appointed Bishop of Waterford and Lismore.

The Bantas and Oakland tide-level road now engages a large number of workingmen at the Straits of Carquinez.

The crops in Walla Walla, according to the "*Statesman*" published there are the heaviest ever cut in the Valley.

It is estimated that the damage done by the late rain storm in Newark (N. J.) will amount to over $200,000.

At Fayette, Missouri, fourteen deaths from Cholera are reported in four days. Nine of the the victims were negroes.

DECEASE.

We sincerely regret that we have to sympathize with our friend, C. J. Barron, and his lady Mrs. Margaret Barron, on the loss of their promising child, Mary Erina. On Tuesday last the first symptoms of illness appeared, and twenty-four hours afterwards she departed this life, to the deep regret of all who knew her. Her funeral was attended by almost all the Nationalists of San Francisco.

NOTICE.

The shareholders of the NATIONALIST PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY are hereby notified that an additional Assessment of twenty-five per cent. on the stock held by them has been levied, and is now due. By order

DANIEL SWEENEY, President.

P. HOLLAND, Secretary *pro tem.*

San Francisco, July 16th, 1873.

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THE HIBERNIA HALL, 246 Third Street, is newly fitted up in superb style, and fit for the accommodation of large social parties and military dis lays. It is one of the best Public Halls in the city. The new improvements deserve the attention of public speakers. In this Hall the movements of the audience create no noise Silence is the ally of eloquence. *

SPECIAL NOTICES.

X. TWIABA X.

THE WHITE SAGE.—A new preparation is offered to the public for the restoration of the hair by Dr. L. Terry, 323 Third street, and from the great number of testimonials published by prominent citizens of Elko, Nevada, of its efficacy in giving strength to the hair, and the speedy return of it to those who have been bald, oblige us to look upon it with more favor than the thousand other preparations already in the market. The *Elko Independent* says: "A decoction of White Sage will accomplish more in restoring bald heads, fastening falling hair, and renovating and giving healthy action to the scalp than a whole store of the usual remedies advertised for that purpose. Hundreds now in Nevada can testify to this fact, and a trial will convince any doubting Joseph that what we say of it in this respect will be borne out by results, if he will give it a fair trial." If such is the case, the Doctor will reap a rich harvest, for no other city can boast of as many bald-headed people as San Francisco. The medicine can be obtained from every druggist. None genuine without the signature of L. TERRY, M, D., on the outside of the wrapper. HEATHFIELD, BOGEL & Co., General Agents. Sole Distiller, DR. L. TERRY, Elko, Nevada.

SPECIAL NOTICE—An article that will firmly mend Furniture, Crockery, Glasswase, Statuary, Meerschaum, Dolls, Toys, Leather, and all ordinary household articles likely to be broken, is as dispensable as it is valuable. These requisites are to be found in the well known GIANT CEMENT, which is put up in tin cans only. It invariably gives satisfaction, and is now for sale by druggists, stationers, grocers, and the Giant Cement Company, No. 417 Washington street (opposite the Post Office) San Francisco. *

DRINK FOR THE THIRSTY.—When one feels the need of moistening the clay without poisoning it, or running the risk of falling into low society, it is often a puzzle to know which of the thousand and one wine-houses to patronize. Without saying a word in dspreciation of other respectably-conducted establishments, it is only just to observe that our next door neighbor, P. F. Brady, late o the firm of Brady & Neely, 713 Howard street, has fitted up the La Grande Exchange, 610 Market street and No. 11 Post street (opposite the Masonic Temple) in a style which does credit to his taste. The La Grande affords the advantages of the quiet club without the drawbacks of the saloon. For excellence of foreign wines and liquors, and for the perfection of native "fixins," to say nothing of the attentive courtesy of Mr. Brady, we do not think it can be surpassed. *

PICTURES.—By reference to our advertising columns it will be seen that our friends Kenny & Co. have taken and fitted up in superb style a large store in the new hotel building corner of Fifth and Market streets. They have lately returned from the East, bringing with them a large and well-assorted stock of pictures of more than common style of art. Their lengthened experience in the trade has enabled them to offer superior drawings, chromos, prints, and framed pictures at a moderate rate. They have now on exhibition pictures of a hundred classes and representative of scenery and life in all climes. When inspecting their varied stock, we naturally gave most attention to what was Irish. We found the Giant's Causeway, Vale of Avoca, Lakes of Killarney and other familiar places as they should be, as well as several delineations of muscular Christianity, which should be seen to be appreciated. *

WHAT IS ALUCOLEIN?—A preparation of Cod Liver Oil, without any disagreeable taste; the most efficacious remedy for all pulmonary complaints. Prepared and sold by James G. Steele & Co. 521 Montgomery street.

New Advertisements.

Fire. Fire. Fire.

Boots and Shoes!

GRAND REOPENING!

....OF....

M. WALSH,

No. 27 Third Street.

IN CONSEQUENCE of the late Fire, I was compelled to suspend my business for three weeks, to refit and enlarge my store, and get up a large and well selected stock, which I will sell twenty-five per cent. cheaper than any store in the city. Also several hundred pairs of Boots, Shoes and Brogans, Ladies, Misses' and Children's Shoes and Gaiters, slightly damaged by water, will sell for 50 cents on the dollar,

COME ONE, COME ALL AND GET CHEAP BARGAINS, AT

M. Walsh's

NO. 27 THIRD STREET.

Bet. Market and Mission, Jessie and Stevenson. [aug2tf

Galt House,

632 MARKET STREET, 632

(Between Montgomery and Kearny,)

HAVING changed hands, is now prepared to accommodate families and transient parties with good airy and sunny furnished rooms, in suits and single, with or without board, at reasonable rates; day boarders solicited. aug2tf

John Kearney,

Practical Upholsterer,

And Dealer in

New and Second-Hand Furniture,

[No 153 SECOND St, (near Howard) jly26-tf

P. LYMAN. J. F. RAFFERTY. D. GOGGIN,

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IMPORTERS AND

Wholesale Liquor Dealers.

Specialties—Old Crook, Pony Bourbon, Rye Whiskies. 416 Battery street, Cor. Merchant. jly26-tf

Wall Paper,

.... CHEAP, AT ....

GIBB & CO.'S

Paint, Oil and Varnish House,

739 MARKET St. (Opposite Dupont.) jly19-tf

WINES AND LIQUORS.

A Sure Cholera Preventive!!

LIFE ESSENCE,

THE KING OF BITTERS! PURELY VEGETABLE!!

Powerful in eradicating disease, but producing no injurious effects; pleasant to the taste, and an excellent tonic; a regulator of the system; can be used freely, and is what its name denotes, a real ELIXIR OF LIFE. It will clear the voice and remove pulmonary affections, purify the blood, beautify the complexion, and renew the lease of life. For Bilious Attacks, Liver, Lung or Kidney Diseases, and restoring the condition of the body to a healthy and energetic state, it has no equal, and has received, upon analysis, the endorsement of leading physicians. Supplied to Druggists, Grocers, Saloons, etc. Sole Proprietors and Manufacturers,

Buttner, Farrell & Co.,

jly 26-tf N. W, Corner of Valencia and Sixteenth Streets.

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aug2tf

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NO. 101 THIRD ST. (S. E, cor. of Mission.)

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Fine Wines, Liquors & Cigars,

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GARLAND'S VEGETABLE COUGH DROPS are now acknowledged to be the best remedy known for all Throat and Lung Complaints. Physicians and all that have ever used them recommend them.

BALLADS FOR THE PEOPLE.

FRAGMENT OF M'AULIFFE'S PROPHECY.

[*Translated from the Irish.*]

PATRICK O'HERLIHY.*

O woful are the tidings
Reveal'd to me this day,
The generous race of Eibhir shall
Be banished far away;
The foe shall come and parcel out
Their hills and valleys green
Among his serfs;—great changes then
In Erinn will be seen.

His vassals they shall dwell in
The brown moors on every side;
His oxen they shall browse upon
Your smooth plains far and wide;
His herds shall graze in meadows
The fairest in the land—
I fear me he will leave you nought
Whereon your homes may stand.

A minion of the stranger
In each corner shall be seen,
Close watch'd will be the man who dare
Be partial to The Green;
And if he should prove troublesome—
In Erinn's cause grow bold—
To him will freely offer'd be
The cursed Saxon gold.

My hoart, alas! is very sad
At what I must relate;
The haughty Saxon *bodaghs* will
Expel the Good and Great:
Their poor and suffering clansmen
They'll banish o'er the sea,
Or drive them to the bleakest cliffs
A woful sight to see!

But sure I am that God will not
Desert dear Innisfail,
For Freedom yet will raise her head
Triumphant in Kinsale;
And Cork will send a mighty host,
Determined, tried and true,
And Waterford forget that e'er
This foreign yoke she knew.

Unjust are the incredulous—
The men who doubt my lay—
For wrongs avenged this heart of mine
Will gladden in the clay;
A fierce and bloody battle,
With sword, and pike, and gun,
From Erinn's shores, in dire dismay,
Shall make the Saxon run.

O ye, the hoarders up of wealth,
Unto my tale give ear;
To Mammon your base hearts incline,
And scanty is your cheer;
Trust me, your ill-got treasure will
By Saxon hands be wring
From out of yours—M'Auliffe then
You'll say has truly sung.

* A Celtic scholar of Muskerry, and lineal descendant of the Eirenachs of St. Gobnate.

THE RISING OF '98;

With an Account of the Volunteers, French Alliances and Expeditions.

(Continued from our last number.)

CHAPTER I.

UNITED IRISH SOCIETY FOUNDED IN BELFAST—ORGANIZED BY THEOBALD WOLFE TONE—FIRST MEETING—DECLARATION OF THE UNITED IRISMEN—PLAN FOR A REFORMED IRISH HOUSE OF COMMONS.

THE Society of United Irishmen dates its foundation from October 1791. The first object of that national association was the attainment of Catholic Emancipation and Parliamentary Reform, both of which measures have since been carried, and are now the law of the land. The formation of the great association of United Irishmen, commenced in Ulster. "In the beginning of October, 1791," Theobald Wolfe Tone states in his memoirs, "that he was invited to spend a few days in Belfast, in order to assist in framing the first Club of United Irishmen, and to cultivate a personal acquaintance with those men, whom, though he highly esteemed, he as yet only knew by reputation." Thus invited, Tone went down from Dublin along with his friend Russel (who had just retired from the English Army), and on arriving in Belfast, he speaks of "having some reason to esteem himself particularly fortunate in forming connexions with Samuel Neilson, Robert and William Sims, William Sinclare and Thomas M'Cabe, the men most distinguished for their virtue, talent, and patriotism." Tone then proceeds to say, "We formed our club, of which I wrote the declaration, and certainly the formation of that club commenced a new epoch in the politics of Ireland." After staying for about three weeks in Belfast, Tone and his friend Russel returned again to Dublin, with instructions to cultivate the leaders in the popular interest, being Protestants; and, if it were possible, to form in the capital a club of United Irishmen."

"It is apparent," says Dr. Madden, "that the idea of forming the Society of United Irishmen, originated with Samuel Neilson; met with the concurrence of Henry Joy M'Cracken and Thomas Russel; was adopted by the Simses, M'Tier, M'Cabe, Haslitt, and Sinclaire; that Tone reduced that plan into form, and acted at the onset, in the organization of it, in accordance with the previous views of those already named, and in connexion a little later with other members who possessed considerable influence, from their wealth and station, in the town of Belfast. In fact, correctly speaking, Samuel Neilson was the originator, and Tone the organizer of the Society, the framer of its declaration, the penman to whom the details of its formation were intrusted."

The object of Tone in assisting in the formation of the Belfast and Dublin societies, is not to be mistaken, since he clearly announces it in his diary, where he honestly says, "to break the connection with England, the never failing source of all our political evils, and to assist the independence of my country, these are my objects." We have a proof that Russel was acquainted with Tone's national objects, from a letter addressed by Tone to Russel, early in 1791, which fell into the hands of the English government, However republican the idea of Neilson and the Belfast patriots might have afterwards been, still at the beginning they professed to be satisfied with demanding parliamentary Independence, Reform. and Emancipation. Tone's influence in the Belfast societies lasted while he remained in Ireland, but in Dublin his republican principles had a contrary effect. The leaders of the society which Tone had just organized in the metropolis, were with few exceptions apprehensive of being compromised by his opinions. "The club," says Tone, "was scarcely formed, before I lost all pretensions to anything like influence in their measures."

In Tone's account of his first visit to Belfast in October 1791, we find that even before the United Irish Society was yet formed, there was a secret committee of the leading patriots of that town; which committee seems to have resembled those secret committees of the English, which they call "Cabinet Councils," "Privy Councils," &c, where plots and conspiracies have been so often hatched against the unsuspecting Irish. "Their mode of doing business," says Tone, speaking of the Belfast patriots, "was by a secret committee, who are not known or suspected of co-operating, but who in fact direct the secret movements of Belfast." The members of the secret committee were William Sinclaire, Samuel M'Tier, Samuel Neilson, William M'Cleery, Thomas M'Cabe, William Sims, Robert Sims, Henry Haslitt' William Tenant,——Campbell, Gilbert M'Ilveen

On the 14th of October 1791, Theobald Wolfe Tone and Thomas Russel were admitted members of the committee; and it was on that occasion that arrangements were entered into for the first public meeting of the Belfast club of United Irishmen. It was agreed, that M'Tier should be the chairman at the meeting, that Sinclalre should move the resolution, Sims second them, Neilson move the printing, and Tone and Russell state the sentiments of the people of Dublin. Accordingly, the appointed meeting took place on the 18th of October, and Tone having dined with Neilson, attended it. The club consisted of 36 original members; and six new ones were proposed upon this occasion. A corresponding committee was now formed, which consisted of Neilson, Haslitt, M'Tier, and Sims. The principal business done was the commencement of a correspondence with the Catholic Committee and the Dublin popular leaders, requesting their co-operation and assistance.

The following documents explain in the clearest manner the objects and principles of the original Society of United Irishmen:—

"WE HAVE NO NATIONAL GOVERNMENT.

"We are ruled by Englishmen and the servants of Englishmen, whose object is the interest of another country, whose instrument is corruption, whose strength is the weakness of Ireland, and these men have the whole of the power and patronage of the country as means to seduce and subdue the honesty and the spirit of her representatives in the legislature. Such an extrinsic power, acting with uniform force in a direction too frequently opposite to the true line of our obvious interests, can be resisted with effect solely by unanimity, decision, and pirit in the people, qualities which may be exerted most legally, constitutionally and efficaciously by that great measure essential to the prosperity and freedom of Ireland—an equal representation of *all* the people in parliament.

"We do not here mention as grievances the rejection of a place bill, of a pension bill, of a responsibility bill, the sale of peerages in one house, the corruption publicly avowed in the other, nor the notorious infamy of borough traffic between both; not that we are insensible of their enormity, but that we consider them as but symptoms of that mortal disease which corrodes the vitals of our constitution, and leaves to the people in their own government but the shadow of a name.

"Impressed with these sentiments, we have agreed to form an association, to be called 'The Society of United Irishmen,' and we do pledge ourselves to our country, and mutually to each other, that we will steadily support and endeavour by all due means to carry into effect the following resolutions:—

"1st. Resolved—That the weight of English influence in the government of this country, is so great as to require a cordial union among all the people of Ireland, to maintain that balance which is essential to the preservation of our liberties and the extension of our commerce.

"2nd. That the sole constitutional mode by which this influence can be opposed, is by a complete and radical reform of the representation of the people in Parliament.

"3rd. That no reform is practicable, efficacious or just, which shall not include Irishmen of every religious persuasion.

"Satisfied as we are that the intestine divisions among Irishmen, have too often given encouragement and impunity to audacious and corrupt administrations, in measures which but for these divisions they durst not have attempted we submit our resolutions to the nation, as the basis of our political faith.

"We have gone to what we conceive to be the root of the evil; we have stated what we conceive to be the remedy; with a Parliament thus reformed every thing is easy; without it nothing can be done; and we do call on and most earnestly exhort our countrymen in general, to follow our example, and from similar societies in every quarter of the kingdom for the promotion of constitutional knowledge, the abolition of bigotry in religion and politics, and the equal distribution of the rights of man throughout all sects and denominations of Irishmen.

"The people, when thus collected, will feel their own weight, and secure that power which theory has already admitted as their portion, and to which, if they be not aroused by their present provocations, to vindicate it, they deserve to forfeit their pretensions for ever.

"JAMES NAPPER TANDY, Secretary."

"PLAN FOR AN EQUAL REPRESENTATION OF THE PEOPLE OF IRELAND IN THE HOUSE OF COMMONS.

"Prepared for their consideration by the Society of United Irishmen of Dublin.

"1st. That the nation, for the purpose of representation solely, should be divided into 330 electorates, formed by a combination of parishes, and as nearly as possible equal in point of population.

"2nd. That each electorate should return one representative to parliament.

"3rd. That each electorate should, for the convenience of carrying on the elections at the same time, be subdivided into a sufficient number of parts.

"4th. That there should be a returning officer for each subdivision, to be respectively elected.

"That the electors of the electorate should vote each in the subdivision in which he is registered, and has resided, as hereinafter specified.

"6th. That the returning officers of the subdivisions should severally return their respective polls to the returning-officer of the electorate, who shall tot up the whole, and return the person having a majority of votes, as the representative in parliament.

"7th. That every man possessing the right of suffrage for a representative in parliament, should exercise it in his own person only.

"8th. That no person should have a right to vote in more than one electorate at the same election.

"9th. That every male of sound mind, who has attained the full age of twenty-one years, and actually dwelt, or maintained a family establishment in any electorate for six months of the twelve immediately previous to the commencement of the election, (provided his residence, or maintaining a family establishment be duly registered,) should be entitled to vote for the representation of the electorate.

"10th. That there should be a registering officer and a registry of residence, in every subdivision of each electorate; and that in all questions concerning residence, the registry should be considered as couclusive evidence.

"11th. That all elections in the nation should commence and close on the same day.

"12th. That the votes of all electors should be given by voice, and not by ballot.

"13th. That no oath of any kind should be taken by any elector.

"14th. That the full age of twenty-five years should be a necessary qualification to entitle any man to be a representative.

"15th. That residence within the electorate should not, but that residence within the kingdom should, be a necessary qualification for a representative.

"16th. That no property qualification should be necessary to entitle any man to be a representative.

"17th, That any person having a pension, or holding a place in the executive or judicial departments, should be thereby disqualified from being a representative.

"18th. That representatives should receive a reasonable stipend for their services.

"19th. That every representative should, on taking his seat, swear that neither he, nor any person to promote his interest, with his privity, gave, or was to give any bribe for the suffrage of any voter.

"20th. That any representative convicted by a jury, or having acted contrary to the substance of the above oath, should be for ever disqualified from sitting or voting in parliament.

"21st. That parliament should be annual.

"22nd. That a representative should be at liberty to resign his delegation upon giving sufficient notice to his constituents.

"23rd. That absence from duty for * * * should vacate the seat of a representative."

In the first society of United Irishmen, the most prominent persons were—Dr. Drennan, James Napper Tandy, Archibald Hamilton Rowan, Hon. Simon Butler, Oliver Bond, &c.

[To be Continued.]

Patriarchal Oysters.

It may be interesting to epicures to know that the age of an oyster can be ascertained to a nicety. It is not to be found by looking into his mouth. It bears its years upon its back. Everybody who has handled an oyster-shell must have observed that it seemed as if composed of successive layers or plates over lapping each other—They are technically termed 'shoots' and each of them marks a year's growth, so that by counting them we can determine at a glance the year when the creature came into the world—Up to the time of its maturity the shoots are regular and successive; but after that time they become irregular and are piled one over the other so that the shell becomes more and more thickened and bulky. Judging from the great thickness to which some oyster shells which came lately under our notice had attained we fear that we have consumed bivalves, who first saw the submarine depths, about the year of Mathuselah's birth.

The prosperous undertaker of a neighboring town is a shoemaker by trade, and an acquaintance calling on him a few days since, was surprised to find him seated at the bench, and pegging away at his former business. "Hallo, G—," said the visitor, "I thought you had left the care of soles for that of bodies." "So I had, so I had," said the carer for sole and body, with an emphatic rap of his hammer, and a shudder of the left eyelid, "but Dr. S— went to Europe last month, an' the berr'in business ain' wuth follerin' now."

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ENGLISH CONCILIATION.

[Written for the IRISH NATIONALIST.]

John Bull is not as a rule the victim of doubt upon any point concerning his own affairs, bu passes his time in the beatific conviction that his way is the best of all possible ways of dealing with any subject under the sun. It is not, therefore, at all surprising that he should see in Irish dissatisfaction nothing but stupidity, and in Irish disaffection nothing but ingratitude. If he ever blames any one for the existing state of affairs, he certainly does not blame himself; and if he ever tries to remedy it, he thinks that the only thing to do is to seek out some abuse in his rule of Ireland, (a tolerably easy matter), and alter it. It never really enters his head that he is not wanted in Ireland at all, and that even if his rule were the perfect system of gov ernment he tries to believe it is—he would be still an intruder and a nuisance. He occupies the position of a benevolent old lady who, having caged a field bird, thinks her pet ungrateful because it cannot be comfortable in a nice gilt cage with sugar and grape-seed, but longs instead for freedom even though freedom means coarse and scanty diet. *His* idea of freedom is to be permitted to do exactly what he does and go where he points out the way—it never for a moment occurs to him that real freedom would probably result in the cessation of the enforced companionship. It makes little difference to him that the entire opinion of the civilized world is in this particular opposed to his peculiar logic—he is incapable of reasoning upon this point. "What do the Irish want?" is the cry; "have they not every freedom that we have?" Well, yes, Mr. John, though that's not much; they have every freedom that you have, so long as they walk with you, talk with you, eat, drink and sleep with you, observe your hours, times, seasons, rules, laws, whims, wishes and ideas; but not if they desire independent existence, or even the minor right to manage their own affairs. "Well," responded John to such argument, "but, if we withdrew, they would fall a prey to some other nation, and would consequently be a standing menace to us." Oh! doubly wise, John, can you not see that if even you had to work for five centuries to make yourself absolute master of our land, it would be tolerably able to hold its own against more distant invaders, even if any other nation desired to emulate your unfortunate experience of constantly robbing a country for which, in spite of all, you never get a penny the richer? Should Ireland yield to foreign foes, when free from your dominion, would you not have the same sea to guard you—that is, your reliance against the rest of Europe? Would you not have in addition the assistance of the army that now holds Ireland down at home to show their bravery upon your own fields and borders? How you will miss, in the days when you must fight, (and your turn is sure to come) the soldiers that thronged to your standard from the green island at the end of the last century. Then for a short time you had a friendly neighbor, because she thought her independence once more likely to be secure. Now, you have only a distrustful foe who despises your promises and detests your advances; who fears to draw upon herself your undivided power, but cherishes the remembrance of the fact that she has managed in the long run to revenge the injuries she could not prevent, and looks forward with hope to the time when, in the coming struggle of nations, your weakened grasp may be shaken from her throat.

Do you think, oh, Englishmen of to-day, boastful of the inherited wealth wrung from every quarter of the world by piratical ancestors, that, with grudging slackenings of the bonds and cheap salves for the sores, you can make the prisoner of centuries forget her chains and the scars they have made? Do you think that Ireland is lulled into oblivion of bitter wrongs because you have lately found some of your institutions so shameful that you have perforce abolished them? Do you imagine that you can efface the memory of conquest and slaughter, of degradation, despotism, outrage and slavery, by a few half-hearted attempts to bribe the more sordid of your victims? Can Ireland forget her wrongs because you choose to profess innocence or believe in repentance that is not accompanied with restitution? Shall we remind you once more of the cause she has to hate you? Shall we recapitulate the story of your invasion of a nation that had neither wronged nor robbed you, but had sent teachers of art, science and religion? Shall we tell you all the old foul stories of bribed traitors, induced to violate their allegiance and then cheated of their pay? Of terms of peace granted to the defeated, and then broken again and again; of hostages slaughtered in cold blood; of monasteries and convents given to the flames with all their inmates; of manuscripts worth (as your present estimation of the fragments show) the ransom of a province—collected and burned in the vain attempt to destroy the history and language of the nation? Will you hear once more the history of five successive confiscations of Irish soil, so thorough that even those of your name and race, to whom the defeated nation had given faithful allegiance, were each in turn dispossessed to make room for more unscrupulous plunderers? Will you hear again the story of one conquest nominally undertaken to establish the power of Rome in 1172, and of another nominally undertaken to crush that power four hundred years afterward? Will you like to hear again the story of 1691, when Ireland beaten down after five hundred and nineteen years of a struggle, lay crushed beneath the heel of your Dutch mercenaries; and you swore her last champion to a treaty that you broke ere yet its terms were put in force? No; all these are old stories, and time has blotted them from your memory. Would you have the newer tale of penal law and proscribed religion, of confiscated property and crushed trade; of hunted priests, closed schools, tortured serfs and ruined chieftains; of the time when an Irishman could not hold property nor conduct trade; not travel or teach his children, nor let them be taught by others, nor worship God according to his conscience; of a time when your laws bribed children to betray their parents, and left it possible for a renegade son to oust his father and mother from house and home? Would you be told how each succeeding attempt of those you had ruined to retrieve the ruin you had wrought by honest industry was crushed in turn till only to the fated country was left the wretched work to supply pasturage for your horses and men for your ranks? But if you be told this you say, "Oh, we have left off doing all those wicked things; you ought not to say anything about them now it's such an old story, and creates so much ill-feeling. Besides, consider that when we committed all these crimes, you were really our slaves, and now we treat you as our brothers!" Do you want an answer to this, foolery though it be? Then let the history of these ages of blood tell you that there can never be friendship between the bond and the free. A prison is a prison, gild it as you will—none the less a prison because you choose yourself to dwell therein as jailer. If you care to set up a phantom of the royalty of past centuries, and an anachonism, do it and be happy; but don't expect your bondsmen to rejoice in your doings. Take from them the sham of a share in an imperialism by which they are over-weighted; relieve them from the burden of institutions you have made them too poor to pay for, go, not in wrath or anger, if you go willingly and soon. We will accept the fate you have made for us, and will strive to harmonise the alien elements you set discordant in our midst. Our future is tarnished by the dishonor of your embrace; our memory is embittered by the consciousness of our wrongs, but we will wear our own apparel and eat our own bread, leaving you in quiet possession of all you have taken from us. Only go, and go soon. If you go not quickly, you will find yourself sole possessor of the deserted country in which you have forbidden its children to live, while far across the western wave they will watch rejoicing when your fear cometh as a whirlwind, mocking at the downfall, the certain retribution which time has in store for you.

FOUR DEGREES OF DRUNKENNESS.—There is a Rabbinical tradition that when Noah planted the vine, Satan attended and sacraficed a sheep, a lion, an ape, and a hog. These animals were to symbolize the gradations of inebriety. When a man begins to drink he is meek and innocent as the lamb; then becomes bold as the lion: his courage is soon transformed into the foolishness of the ape; and at last he wallows in the mire like the hog.

A Danbury man's order for his wife's hat is a novelty in its way. She was sick and couldn't go for the hat, so he drove in himself. He told the milliner to put on a dollar's worth of parsley, fifty cents' worth of string beans, ten cents' worth of cherries, a few green currants, a beet or two, a little cabbage, and about three slices of turnips; or, if it is too early for turnips, make it two new potatoes instead.

THE QUESTION OF THE PERIOD.—(Two roughs at a saloon bar, drinking hot rum.) First rough—"Does education prevent crime?" Second rough—"Not a bit on it. Look at me; if I had been tort to read and spel and sifer when I was a boy; why, with disposition, I mite a bin a Hoax Ames, or a Credit Mobbler, or a Heditor, or a Protestant, or there's no knowing wot blessed thing I mitent a bin!"

The powerful are always apt to be unjust and vindictive. A celebrated French marshal said pleasantly on this subject, that when the troops were on the march, he had examined the quarrels between the mules and their drivers, and that, to the shame of humanity, reason was always on the side of the mules.

PAY DAY.—When Charles Fox was teased for money by some Hebrew creditors, he told them that he would discharge the incumbrance as soon as possible. 'But Mr. F, name the day.' 'The day of judgment.' 'Oh, Mr. F, that will be too busy a day for us.' 'Right, Moses, so we'll make it the day after.'

A lawyer, in replying to his antagonist in court, said he had "a keen rapier with which to pierce all fools and knaves," whereupon his opponent "moved the Court" that the rapier be taken from him, lest he should commit suicide.

On the eve of a battle, an officer not noted for bravery requested the privilege of going home to see his parents. "Go," said the general; "you 'honor your father and mother that your days may be long in the land!'"

In a Texan obituary it is stated that, "the deceased was a person of a romantic nature. He placed the breech of his gun in the fire, looking down the muzzle, and departed hence spontaneously."

"Is there any one here who takes exceptions to the rulings of this Court?" blandly asked a Nevada justice as he laid a six-shooter on the table before him. There wasn't one.

The Boston *Transcript* wants to know if the Pi-Utes are a secret Greek letter society, and if any one is to deliver a poem and an oration before it at this time of the year.

The pick-pockets and recent circuses have produced a depression of finances throughout the western towns of Pennsylvania, which will not be relieved until after harvest.

A correspondent of the New York *Sun* objects to calling Washington a watering place, because "whiskeying place" is the plain English of it.

A Detroit female of just twenty-five was married to her fifth husband. All of the gentleman are alive, and the first four are doing well.

WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS.

THOS. BURNS. JOHN KELLY.
Kelly & Burns
SALOON,
PURE WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS,
915 Market Street. [jly26-tf

Michael Moore,
Dealer in
Wines, Liquors and Cigars,
133 THIRD STREET. jly 19-tf

JOHN COONEY,
Bottler of Porter and Ale,
417 POWEL ST., (Between Sutter and Post Sts.)
SAN FRANCISCO.
Cider in Bottle and on Draft, Tennant's Ale, Blood, Wolfe & Co's, Dublin Stout,
Delivered free of charge to all parts of the city. [my31tf

HIBERNIA EXCHANGE,
P. LINAHAN, - - - Proprietor,
No. 40 FIRST ST., SAN FRANCISCO.
Wines, Liquors and Cigars; also, a first-class Pigeon Hole Table. jly 12-tf

Kelly, Henderson & Gilchrist
Importers and Jobbers of
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC
WINES AND LIQUORS,
Nos. 309 AND 311 FRONT STREET,
(Between Commercial and Sacramento Streets,)
SAN FRANCISCO.
JOHN KELLY, P. HENDERSON, JOHN GILCHRIST.
je 21-tf

P. HARTIGAN,
Wholesale and Retail Dealer in
Groceries, Wines, Liquors, & Cigars,
164 FIRST St., (cor. Howard, opposite Gas Works,)
Also N. E. cor. 12th and FOLSOM Sts. je 23-tf

JAMES DALY. H. WARD.
DALY & WARD,
IMPORTERS OF FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC
Wines and Liquors,
No. 311 Sacramento street, between Front and Battery, SAN FRANCISCO. my3-tf

A. MICHAELSON,
EUREKA BREWERY,
No. 235 First Street, between Howard and Folsom San Francisco. jy4-tf

SAN FRANCISCO
BALL and RACKET COURT,
846 HOWARD STREET
Between Fourth and Fifth.....SAN FRANCISCO
Fine WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS.
THOMAS KELLY.....Proprietor
jy4-tf

P. J. McMahon,
....HOME AGAIN AT THE....
RUSS HOUSE SALOON
MONTGOMERY STREET.
my10-tf

P. F. Brady,
LA GRANDE EXCHANGE,
610 MARKET STREET,
And No. 11 Post Street....(Opposite Masonic Temple,)
SAN FRANCISCO.
The reputation of the La Grande for the excellence of its Wines, Liquors and Cigars is always maintained. my17-tf

A. F. BENARD,
IMPORTER AND DEALER IN
Wines, Liquors, and Brandies,
N. E. Cor. FIFTH and HOWARD Streets,
San Francisco. je 14-tf

KENNEDY'S BITTERS,
NEBRASKA.
The latest and most POPULAR BITTERS known in the United States. my10-tf

DONNELLY & KERR,
30 MONTGOMERY STREET, (Opposite Lick House.)
SAN FRANCISCO.
Wines and Liquors
OF THE BEST QUALITY CONSTANTLY ON HAND.
my17-tf

A. GREENEBAUM,
(Successor to HERMAN HEUCK,)
No. 233 KEARNY ST., (3d Store South of Bush),
SAN FRANCISCO.
MANUFACTURERS, IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN
Havana and Domestic Cigars,
Smoking and Chewing Tobaccoes, Snuffs, Matches, Pipes, etc. Direct Importers from Manufacturers. Lorrillard's Coarse Rappee, Maccoboy, Scotch and Lundyfoot Snuffs. Gail and Ax's and F. A. Goetz's German and American Smoking Tobaccoes. my 31-3m

Philadelphia Brewery,
JOHN WIELAND, - - Proprietor
Second Street, Near Folsom, San Francisco. jy4-tf

HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS.

Empire Hotel,
311 and 313 PACIFIC STREET,
BET. BATTERY AND SANSOME, OPPOSITE THE POST OFFICE, SAN FRANCISCO.
FREE BATHS.
P. BEIRNE.....Proprietor
ap19-tf

HUGH DOHERTY. E. R. BERMINGHAM
NEW FRANKLIN HOUSE.
No. 321 Pacific Street,
Corner of Sansome.....SAN FRANCISCO.
This House is a fire-proof building, newly built, and well ventilated. The rooms are furnished with Spring Beds, and well arranged for families or single persons.
Board and Lodging per week, from $5 to $6.
DOHERTY & BERMINGHAM.....Proprietors.
Passengers and Baggage conveyed to the House free of charge. ap19-tf

UNITED STATES HOTEL.
Cor. Beale and Folsom Sts., San Francisco.
CORNELIUS MALONEY.....Proprietor
(Late of the Franklin House.)

THE UNITED STATES HOTEL HAS been thoroughly renovated and fitted up in superior style. Parties who have sent to the States for friends, or who expect friends, will please notify C. Maloney, and he will attend to them on arrival, and forward them with due care to their destination.
A Library is attached to the house for the use of its patrons; also, a fire-proof safe, where money and other valuables are taken charge of at the risk of the proprietor. An Omnibus, with the name of the Hotel thereon, will be at the wharf to convey passengers to the Hotel free of charge. jy4-tf

MANHATTAN HOUSE
705 and 707 Front St., between Pacific and Broadway
SAN FRANCISCO.
Board and Lodging, per Week, - - $4 50.
Board, per Day, - - - - - 75c.
Good accommodations for Families.
N. B.—This House has just been renovated. Free Coach to the House.
JAMES CORNYN.....Proprietor
(Formerly of the Central House.) jy4-tf

INTERNATIONAL HOTEL
K Street Sacramento.
MARTIN & EISENMENGER, Proprietors.
Board per Week - - - - $4,00
Board and Lodging per week - - $5,00 to $6,00
Meals, - - - - - 25
Lodging, from - - - - - 25 to 50
The Cars pass the Hotel every fifteen minutes to all parts of the city. jy4-tf

MONTGOMERY'S HOTEL.
227 & 229 Second street, San Francisco.
This Hotel is conducted on Temperance Principles and offers Superior Accommodations to the public. The Table is always supplied with the best the market affords, and no pains will be spared to give guests the comforts of a home.
Board per week.....$3 50
Six Meal Tickets for.....1 00
Board and Lodging per Week.....9 00
Single Rooms, with Board, per week.....4 50
CHAS. MONTGOMERY, Proprietor. ap19-tf

WASHINGTON HOTEL,
519 MISSION STREET,
Between First and Second.....SAN FRANCISCO
Board and Lodging per week.....$4 50
Board and Lodging per Day.....1 00
Single Meals.....25
Lodging per Night.....50 and 25
Passengers and Baggage taken to this house free of charge. JOHN MURRAY, Proprietor.
my24-tf

OCCIDENTAL OYSTER SALOON.
Eastern and Oregon Oysters,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
jly 19-tf J. & J. BRADY, 81 Occidental Market.

ANTELOPE RESTAURANT
OYSTER SALOON.
612 MARKET STREET, (near Montgomery.)
Open for some hours after the closing of Theatres.
my 31-tf

EXTENSION HOUSE,
111 Jessie Street,
Between Second and New Montgomery, SAN FRANCISCO.
Board and Lodging (per week).....$5 00
mh29-tf MRS. CREIGHTON.

The Seal Rock House.
CAPT. HENRY FERNNO, - - - Proprietor.
This pleasant wayside resort is situated on the Ocean Beach, near the Cliff, and is the only place on the route where parties taking the drive can procure
The Best Liquors and Cigars, for 12½ cents.
jy4-tf

CENTRAL HOTEL.
814 and 816 Sansome St., near Broadway.
SAN FRANCISCO.
Superior accommodations for families. All the rooms furnished with the best spring beds, and every attention paid to the comfort of guests.
Board and Lodging per week.....$5 00
Board per week.....4 00
Single Meals.....25
Lodgings per Night.....25 and 50
The Central Hotel Coach will be at every Railroad Depot and Steamboat Landing, to convey passengers and baggage to the house free of charge.
MICHAEL FARRELL.....Proprietor.
(Late of the Brooklyn House,) my24-tf

THE MAHON HOUSE
San Rafael.

THIS CHARMING AND PLEASANT Summer Resort for Families is now open and ready to receive visitors. Elegantly furnished.
my10-tf M. O'CONNOR & J. JULIAN, Proprietors.

TUBBS' HOTEL,
Oakland, Cal.
Steam and Street Cars pass the Door. je 21-tf

THOUSANDS of testimonials can be seen at the COUGH DROP and CANDY DEPOT, 828 Market street. Warranted to cure or money refunded. For sale by all dealers in medicines.

GROCERIES, WINES AND LIQUORS.

B. McCabe,
DEALER IN
Groceries, Wines and Liquors
Cor. Jessie and Anthony sts, jly26t

P. H. MORRISEY'S
Family Grocery Store
N. W. cor. Fifth and Tehama Sts.
Continues to supply Families with
GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS
Wines and Liquors of the Best Quality constantly on hand.
The business continues to be conducted by MR. P. H. LYDON, who does his best to give satisfaction to customers. my17-tf

P. M. TONER & BROTHER,
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
BUTTER, CHEESE, EGGS, HAMS, BACON, LARD, ETC., ETC.
No. 20, Occidental Market, (Sutter street side), San Francisco.
Particular attention paid to country consignments. All orders promptly attended to. Goods delivered free of charge. my24-tf

B. J. HEAVY,
Wholesale and Retail Dealer in
GROCERIES, WINES, LIQUORS, AND CIGARS.
No. 53 Everett street, between Third and Fourth, San Francisco.
A Choice Selection of Wines and Liquors for Family and Medicinal use always on hand.
Goods delibered free of charge to any part of the city. mh9-tf

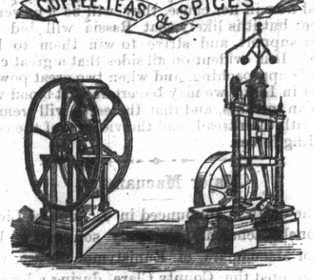
E. C. O'CONNELL,
....DEALER IN....
Groceries, Wines & Liquors,
OF THE BEST DESCRIPTION,
No. 409 Fourth street, (Corner of Perry,
SAN FRANCISCO. mh9-tf

MANSFIELD'S AROMATIC
WHISKY BITTERS.
No. 229 BUSH STREET, SAN FRANCISCO.
Fine Wines and Liquors in lots to suit.
my 31-tf M B HUGHES, Agent.

Lennon & Kelly,
DEALERS IN
GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS.
CHOICE WINES AND LIQUORS.
BUTTER, HEESE, EGGS, ETC.
Southeast Corner of Fourth and Minna Streets, San Francisco. mh9-tf

P. T. Flynn & Son.
Dealers in
Groceries, Provisions, Wines, Liquors, etc. Corner of Howard and Eighth streets, San Francisco. jy4-tf

JOHN FINNEGAN,
VAN NESS AVENUE and HAYES ST., (South East cor.)
Keeps always on hand and for sale a Select Stock of
Groceries, Wines and Liquors,
At the lowest market prices. He keeps a Temperance Drink called KENTUCKY WINE that challenges competition. Call and judge for yourselves. je 7-tf

OUR SPECIALTIES
COFFEE, TEAS & SPICES

Murphy Brothers,
Nos. 759 & 761 MARKET STREET, SAN FRANCISCO
ap19-tf

MERCHANT TAILORS.

PETER SHORT,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
613 Montgomery street, Cor. Merchant,
SAN FRANCISCO, jly26-6m

N. Sweeny,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
No. 43 SECOND ST. (opposite Jessie St.)
Constantly on hand a choice assortment of Cloths, Cassimeres, Doeskins, Beaver and Vestings, which will be made to order on reasonable terms. Particular attention given to MILITARY UNIFORMS. jly5-t

George Cahill,
MERCHANT TAILOR.
902 Market Street,
ONE DOOR FROM STOCKTON STREET,
SAN FRANCISCO. ap19-tf

MERCHANT TAILOR.
$6 00!
Pants to Order..... $6.
M. SHORT,
No. 527 Commercial Street, San Francisco jy4-tf,

Joe Baloun & Julius Lambla,
MERCHANT TAILORS
No. 613 WASHINGTON STREET
SAN FRANCISCO.
$6 PANTS.....BUSINESS SUITS, $30

England and Russia.

The question suggested by this heading is now engrossing world-wide attention. The news which we advanced weeks ago we find endorsed by every journalist of note. We have the pleasure of giving our readers an article on the subject from the *Dundalk Democrat*, an able weekly whose motto is "Ireland for the Irish," and whose long career is worthy of its motto. We make allowance for sentences written under the Press-gagging Act, and readily believe that when the writer sets down the native troops of Hindostan as "treacherous," he means they were rebellious, brave and patriotic. As the treaty said to have been made with the Shah, it is now believed in well-informed circles that that Child of the Sun is not so silly as he looks, and that he is in secret alliance with his nearer neighbor, the Czar. The *Democrat* says:

Defeated in her attempt to sieze on Constantinople in 1854, and open the way to India, Russia resolved to carry out her policy by adopting a longer but more secure route. She has been for several years treading her way toward the East, and conquered every obstacle in her way, until she found nothing between her and England's possessions but Afghanistan. England, who, it is well-known, would be reduced to a second or third-rate power, if she were driven from the East, looked on with astonishment, but did nothing to counteract the movement of her Russian foe. Some months since there were some negociations between her and a Russian envoy, but she failed, it would appear, to come to any terms that would induce Russia to stop the movements of her armies.

Time progressed, and week after week telegrams announced the march of a Russian army towards Khiva. This army did not dread meeting any force the king of Khiva could bring to meet it. The climate and barren deserts were the only enemies they feared, but they have overcome both, and a few days since intelligence arrived that Khiva had fallen. Will this victory satisfy Russia? Not at all. She will not be satisfied till all Asia owns the sway of her Emperor, and adds two hundred million more to those who are ruled by his sceptre. The policy of Russia on this vast question has been long since defined, and is well known to the entire world, and the rulers of Russia will fight onward until their sway is established over all Asia, if that is possible.

Persia will next be assailed, and as we stated the week before last, that explains why so much money has been lavished in England in amusing the Shah. The British government observe with alarm the difficulties they will have to encounter from the arms of Russia. They know that the legions of the Czar are made of different stuff from that of which Sepoys and Mahomedans are composed, and they wish to oppose to them a power on which they can rely, and they believe they have got that power in Persia.

The Shah was not many hours in London before he was closeted for nearly half a day with Lord Granville, the Foreign Minister. It is stated that a treaty was arranged by which Persia bound herself to assist England in repelling the Russian armies, and that England on her part engaged to assist Persia, and prevent her being swallowed up by the Russian Empire. Thus, after nineteen years of peace with Russia, England is about to prepare for a hand to-hand conflict with a power which all but destroyed her armies in the Crimea, and, in the words of the *Times*, disgraced them before the eyes of the world.

It is more than probable that the trumpet of war will soon be sounded in the East. The British will have to rely chiefly on the native troops, but can they really rely upon the forces who were so treacherous in 1857? But for the Sikhs, England could hardly have triumphed on that occasion. They stood by her in the hour of danger, and carried her banner in triumph wherever they were led. If they prove loyal now in her cause, they will be a powerful force: but it is likely that Rssia will bid for their support, and strive to win them to her side. It is evident on all sides that a great conflict is approaching, and when two great powers meet in India, we may be certain that blood will flow in torrents, and that the earth will tremble beneath their tread, and the violence of the contending forces.

Major Macnamara.

The death is announced in London of Lieut. Colonel Macnamara, the only son of the late Major Macnamara, of Ennistymon House, who represented the County Clare during a lengthened period in the House of Commons. Major Macnamara is, perhaps, more widely known to fame as the celebrated second to O'Connell in his memorable duel with D'Esterre. The fame won by the gallant Major in that celebrated transaction was scarcely second to that accruing to the principal himself. In fact, numerous proofs are adduced to establish the fact that O'Connell owed his escape from the previously fatal aim of D'Esterre to the experience and intrepid coolness of the veteran duellist, in whose hands he had placed himself. His son, the gentleman just deceased, lived in quieter times. The deceased Colonel was Deputy-Lieutenant for the County Clare, and represented the borough of Ennis in Parliament.

MARSHAL MACMAHON is showing his native boldness, and exhibiting the genuinely Irish traits of forgiveness of past offences. He has addressed himself to the Commission of Pardons, requesting them to make out returns of the number of the convicted Communalists, with the various degrees of guilt attached to each name. The Marshal intends to obtain the liberation of all the prisoners who could not be looked upon as leaders of the late insurrection. The keen sense of justice, the wisdom, and the sound policy here displayed form a striking contrast with the very opposite conduct of the British Government. They freed the principals and still detain the subordinate members of the Fenian movement, alleging in support of their illogical course, that the unliberated were soldiers when they joined the organization. But so were the greater part of the Communalists actually holding military commissions in the French army, when they rose against the Government of the day.—*Dublin Irishman.*

"I'm not in mourning," said a young lady, frankly, to a young querist, "but as the widows are getting all the offers now-a-days, we poor girls have to resort to artifice."

A band of wolves has taken possession of the poor-house at Oskalooso, Kansas. The trouble with most poor-houses is in keeping the wolf from the door.

MARKET REPORT.

[Corrected to Friday, August 1st.]

Wheat, California, ₱ 100 lbs Coost	$1 65	@	1 80
" Milling		@	1 80
Barley, ₱ 100 lbs	1 10	@	1 27
Barley, old, for brewing	1 25	@	1 30
Oats, California, ₱ 100 lbs	1 60	@	1 80
Corn, ₱ 100 lbs	1 25	@	
Flour, Superfine, ₱ bbl	4 00	@	4 50
" Extra	5 00	@	5 50
Buckwheat, ₱ 100 lbs	1 25	@	1 37
Bran ₱ tun	19 00	@	20 00
Middlings, ₱ tun	30 00	@	
Beans, ₱ 100 lbs	4 00	@	7 00
Potatoes	70	@	1 00
Onions, ₱ 100 lbs	1 00	@	1 25
Hay ₱ tun, ordinary	12 00	@	
" " extra	16 00	@	
Butter, California, extra	30	@	
" " ordinary	25	@	
Cheese, Califosnia	10	@	14
Eggs, California	32½	@	34
Eggs, Oregon	20	@	25
Eggs, Eastern	1g	@	20

DRY GOODS.

J. J. REDMOND,
112 SIXTH STREET, (corner of Minna street)
Dealer in Foreign and Domestic
DRY GOODS,
Fancy Goods, &c.
je 28-tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

Sand Brothers,
Fashionable Hair Dressers,
No. 23 THIRD STREET, near Stevenson,
....AND....
No. 50 FOURTH St., near Mission, jly 19-tf
Hot and Cold Baths always ready.....25 cents

Pellet & Fischer,
(Successor to R. LEHMAN & Co.)
WHOLESALE CONFECTIONERS
No. 403 Davis Street, between Washington and Jackson, San Francisco. Manufacture all kinds of Candies from the Best Materials, and will sell at least as low as any other House in the trade. ☞ Goods warranted to keep in any climate. Country orders promptly attended to.—Dealers supplied on liberal terms. Also a large assortment of Nuts. jly5-tf

Buttner, Farrell & Co.
CELEBRATED LIFE ESSENCE
Manufactory.
Northwest corner Valencia and Sixthteenth Streets.
July 26-tf.

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HEALTH FOR ALL!
By Having advice and Treatment at Once of
DR. AIKIN, 504 Kearny St.,
Whose Most Approved Scientific System of
MEDICINE AND SURGERY, (General and Special Practice,)
Cures all kinds of diseases, including Deafness, Ear Discharges, Noises in the Head, Weak or Inflamed Eyes, Sore Lids and Granulations, Dim Sight and Floating Spots, Opacities, Films, Cataract, Cross Eyes and Nervous Blindness, Catarrh, Tumors in the Nose, (Polypi), Chronic Sore Throat, Asthma, Bronchitis, Cough, Consumption (with Spitting Blood, Night Sweats, Shortness of Breath, Emaciation, etc.,) Heart Diseases, Pain, Suffocation, Faintness, Palpitation, Dyspepsia, Heart Burn, Cramp, Water Brash, Flatulence, Pain in the Side, Enlarged Liver, Jaundice, Gall Stones, Constipation, Piles, Bloating, Bowel Complaints, Tape Worm, Diabetes, Bright's Disease, Pain in the Back, Gravel, Irritability, and all Bladder and Kidney Diseases. Erysipelas, Salt Rheum, Eruptions, Pimples, Blotches Scrofula, Leprosy, Syphilis, (with Pains in the Head and Bones, Watery Blisters, Blotches on the Face, Ulcerated Throat and Nose, and other symptoms); Rickets, Necrosis, Fever Sores, Hip Joint and Bone Diseases, Cancers, Tumors, Ulcers, Fistula, Stricture, Rupture, Club Foot, Wry Neck, Hare Lip, Goitre, Corpulence, Disfiguring Marks, Wens, Enlarged Tonsils, Abscesses, Rheumatism, Sciatica, Neuralgia, Epilepsy, Palsy, Chorea or St. Vitus' Dance, Convulsions, Delirium, Sleeplessness, Headache, Dropsy, Lead Poisoning, Baldness, Nervous and Organic Debility—All those serious recent and old standing diseases not understood or well-treated by the family physicians, or others. Do not suffer or delay.

THE MOST DIFFICULT CASES SOLICITED.

"Those preferring an educated and responsible physician for skillful treatment of any chronic or serious disease, without idle pretensions or extortion, but who, considerate of all, treats his patients conscientiously to benefit and cure them, should apply to DR. AIKEN, 504 Kearny street. He is very successful, and performs more genuine cures than any other in his important specialties. No matter what you have doctored in vain, do not neglect your health, for you can rely on him to cure you, if ever curable."—San Francisco Papers.

LADIES, Married or Single, can consult the Doctor on any delicate derangement of health with confidence and certainty of relief, and he is a gentleman who has no superior in the Specialty of Diseases of Women. The most easy, safe and speedy cure is assured of any ill-health, Trouble, Irregularities, Suppression, Weakness, Ulceration, Pain, Irritation, Spinal Affection, Retarded Development, Amenorrhea, Dysmenorrhea, Sterility, Ovarian, and other diseases.

Avoid Sickness, Drug Poisoning, Danger, and Uncertainties.

Have proper and reliable treatment and be well. Home and attendance for patients, as desired.

Friendly advice, best remedies for all wanting Medical or Surgical aid in this city or country. The strictest fidelity can always be relied on.

Young, Middle-Aged and Old Men,
Whatever, read or doctored, permanently cured of debility or disease wearing on body and mind. No Mercury or Quackery. Separate rooms.

DR. AIKIN'S Sanitary Rules, Counsel and Cure, are worth $1,000 capital to the unfortunate victims of habit or disease.

DR. AIKIN has the advantage of seeing and treating successfully every description of human ailments, and having thorough qualifications, extensive experience, with great skill in detecting the causes, and curing all classes of disease, the afflicted who seek his aid will save time, money and risk.

"Vain is Wealth, or Fame, or Life, without Health."

Patients visited at home out of office hours.
All medicines and needed articles supplied.
Come prepared to arrange requisite treatment.
Satisfaction guaranteed. Fees reasonable—suited to the circumstances of all.

No Charge for Consultation.

Office hours—10 A M to 4, and 6 to 8 P M.
Call or Address, N. J. AIKIN, M D,
PARLOR AND OFFICE—504 KEARNY ST.,
N E Cor California st., San Francisco.
Near all the cars, or can come to the door by connecting with Potrero and Kearny street line. jly 26-tf

J. D. Cusheon's Column.

J. D. CUSHEON
SELLS
HOUSES, LOTS, FARMS,
Collects Rents,
....AND....
Sells Every Branch of Business,
BOTH IN CITY AND COUNTY.
CALL AND EXAMINE THE GREAT BARGAINS IN
Lodging Houses, and all Other Business.
Office ---- 236 Montgomery Street.

$9.500. TO CAPITALISTS—Valuable leasehold property for sale; rents in six years clear $15,600; buildings at low valuation, to be removed, worth $5,950, leaving a clear profit of $12,050 in six years.—Terms liberal. Apply to J D CUSHEON, 236 Montgomery st.

$11,000. FOR SALE—A substantial country store A choice and well selected stock of hardware, cutlery, glassware and crockery; in a populous country town near this city; doing an extensive wholesale and retail trade. Apply to J D CUSHEON, 236 Montgomery st.

BOOT BLACKING—Good stand and first class trade. Apply to J D CUSHEON, 236 Montgomery st.

COUNTRY STORE IN VALLEJO; fine stock; stand good and trade. Apply to J D CUSHEON, 236 Montgomery st.

RESTAURANT FOR SALE—Elegantly fitted up; excellent bar wine trade; rare chance now offers to buy into a money-making restaurant for little money. Apply to J D CUSHEON, 236 Montgomery st.

TO BLACKSMITHS—For Sale—Half interest in a first-class Carriage and Wagon Shop, where a good blacksmith is required; lots of work. A steady man can buy in on good terms. Apply to J D CUSHEON, 236 Montgomery st.

BRANCH BAKERY—Good stand and trade; a bargain. Apply to J D CUSHEON, 236 Montgomery st.

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MILLINERY BUSINESS—Handsome store; one of the best stands in the city; first class trade; a bargain. Apply to J D CUSHEON, 236 Montgomery st.

LIVERY STABLE BUSINESS—Partner wanted in one of the largest and most profitable Livery, Sale and Feed Stables in the city; known to keep the finest stock, the most magnificent crrriages, horses, and turn-outs. Apply at once to J D CUSHEON, 236 Montgomery st.

$3,000. BREWERY FOR SALE—Half interest in a well established business; wants a steady man who will make himself useful. Apply to J D CUSHEON, 236 Montgomery st.

CARRIAGE AND WAGON BUILDING—An interest low. Call and make an offer to J D CUSHEON, 236 Montgomery st.

CELLAR BILLIARD SALOON—Good location. Apply to J D CUSHEON, 236 Montgomery st.

COUNTRY GROCERY—Old established; cheap; must be sold. Apply to J D CUSHEON, 236 Montgomery st.

TO MINERS—Wanted a few experienced miners, with small capital, who have some idea of the working of rich gravel mines by hydraulic power; good chance offers to secure an interest in a rich gravel mine on easy terms. No money required until the party fully prospects the mine. Apply to J D CUSHEON, 236 Montgomery st.

BOARDING and LODGING HOUSE, for sale Cheap. Apply to J D CUSHEON, 236 Montgomery st.

BOOKS AND STATIONERY—Good Stand—Call and see J D CUSHEON, 236 Montgomery st.

WOOD AND COAL YARD—$555—Half interest is now offered at less than half its value. Good stock, horses, drays, large family and out-door trade. Apply to J D CUSHEON, 236 Montgomery st.

FIRST CLASS LIQUOR SALOON—For Sale—Half or whole interest; richly and conveniently fitted up; no better stand in the city; keeps a choice stock of ales, wines, and liquors; sell at a positive bargain; parties going East. Call and make an offer at once, to J D CUSHEON, 236 Montgomery st.

CIGAR AND TOBACCO STORE—First-class stand; store handsomely fitted up; reliable, steady trade; $200; a rare bargain. Apply at once to J D CUSHEON, 236 Montgomery st.

GROCERY AND LIQUOR BUSINESS—For Sale—Good stand, stock, reliable famil, and bar trade; sell the stock, fixtures and furniture; a bargain seldom offered; owner going up country. Apply to J D CUSHEON, 236 Montgomery st.

BLACKSMITH and Wagon Making Business—Half Interest for sale; wants a good mechanic, either a wagon-maker or a blacksmith. Apply to J D CUSHEON, 236 Montgomery st.

DRUG STORE—First class business corner; reliable trade. See J D CUSHEON, 236 Montgomery st.

$500 LIQUOR SALOON for sale. First-class stand on the city front; handsomely fitted up; good shop, shipping and saloon trade. For a bargain, apply this day to J D CUSHEON, 236 Montgomery st.

DRESSMAKING—For sale—Handsome store; lots of steady work; sell at a great bargain; owner going East. Apply to J D CUSHEON, 236 Montgomery st.

PRODUCE STORE—For Sale—A good paying business; no better stand; handsome store and rooms; long lease; good horse, wagon and substantial trade; a bargain. Apply to J D CUSHEON, 236 Montgomery st.

CIGAR AND TOBACCO STORE—First-class stand; store handsomely fitted up; reliable, steady trade; sales from $14 to $20 per day; a rare bargain. Apply at once to J D CUSHEON, 226 Montgomery st.

NEW AND SECOND HAND FURNITURE Store for Sale—A great bargain. Apply to J D CUSHEON, 236 Montgomery st.

160 ACRES OF LAND for sale in Contra Costa county, two miles from the town of Clayton; well watered; small house and barn; partly fenced; title U S patent; price $2,000. Apply to J D CUSHEON, 236 Montgomery st.

450 LAUNDRY FOR SALE—The New England Laundry, with fixtures, horse, splendid wagon and a business established for over fourteen years; well located on Brannan street, between Fifth and Sixth; sell at a positive sacrifice on account of the death of the late proprietress. Apply to jly19tf J D CUSHEON, 236 Montgomery st.

J. J. O'Brien's Column.

Extraordinary
Inducements!
A COMPLETE
CLEARANCE
....OF....
J. J. O'BRIEN'S
Fine Stock of
DRY GOODS.

J. J. O'BRIEN, No. 606 Market street, respectfully informs his patrons, and the people of the Pacific Coast in general, that on account of other arrangements (which will soon be made public), he is necessitated to dispose of the entire stock. And no matter what the sacrifice is to be, a "Complete Clearance" must be effected; consequently, all intending purchasers of Dry Goods will do well to call, see, and examine the Stock before purchasing elsewhere

You Can Secure Big Bargains
This Time!

THE following are only a few of the thousands of bargains to be offered during this Great Sale.

7,000 yards Tasso Linen Suitings, 5 cents a yard
2,500 yards Striped Grenad'nes, 5 cents a yard.
10,500 yards French Corded Pique, 12½ cents a yard.
3,000 yards Empress Poplins, 15 cents a yard.
6,750 yards Fine Swiss Silk, 37½ cents a yard.
500 pieces French Poplins (50 and 60 cent quality,) to be sold at 25 cents a yard.

BLACK SILKS, COLORED SILKS, STRIPED SILKS, JAPANESE SILKS, IRISH POPLINS, FRENCH POPLINS, } ALL REDUCED 75 Per Cent.

Fine Broche Shawls, from $6 each.
Fine All Wool Striped Shawls, $1 50 upward.
Fine Ottoman Striped Shawls, $5 each.
Fine Black Cashmere Shawls, $2 50 each.

BLANKETS, FLANNELS, BEDSPREADS, SHEETINGS, TABLE LINENS, NAPKINS, TOWELS,
All Reduced 50 Per Cent.

Good Heavy All Wool Crash, 12 yards for $1.
Good Heavy Scotch Table Linen, 30 cents a yard.
All Linen Napkins, 50 cents a dozen.
Colored Linen Fruit Napkins, 60 cents a dozen.

HOSIERY, GLOVES, LADIES' AND GENTS' UNDERWEAR, CORSETS AND FANCY GOODS, } ALL REDUCED 60 PER CENT.

500 dozen Misses' Rib'd Cotton Hose, 12½ cents a pair.
250 Men's Shirts, reduced to 75 cents each.
Ladies' Merino Vests, reduced to 75 cents each.

A few soiled lots of Ladies' and Gentlemen's
Merino Shirts and Drawers
Will be cleared out at Merely Nominal Prices.

MOURNING GOODS,
AS WELL AS
BLACK DRESS GOODS
Of every description, will be sold astonishingly low during this great sale.

Remnants of these Goods almost Given Away. Remnants of Muslins, Flannels, Sheetings, Table Linens, Striped and Checked Nainsook, correspondingly low.

A call respectfully solicited. Store open from 7 30 A. M. to 7 P. M.

J. J. O'BRIEN,
606 Market Street,
near Montgomery
je28-tf

AMUSEMENTS.

WOODWARD'S GARDENS.
THE CENTRAL PARK OF THE PACIFIC,
EMBRACING A
Museum and Art Gallery,
Conservatories and Menagerie,
AND A
Skating Rink,
ADMISSION.....Twenty-five Cents
THE CITY GARDENS.
....FOR THE....
Coming Picnic Season!

THE ATTENTION OF ALL SOCIETIES, ASSOCIations and Military Companies is called to the advantages offered by these commodious and beautiful grounds for Holiday Picnic Festivals. They can be procured on any day in the week for picnic purposes the coming season on more advantageous terms than any grounds in the State.

THE CITY GARDENS
Are easy of access without any tariff to Societies, and are provided with large and beautiful Lawns; large Shade Trees; beautiful Flowers and Plants from every clime; numerous Swings; two mammoth Dancing Pavilions; a natural Lake, with Pleasure Boats; Fountains and Observatory Towers, all perfectly sheltered from the winds. A mammoth Restaurant is on the grounds, and every convenience for the accommodation of large Picnics has been made. Everything has been placed in the most complete order for the coming season.

THE CITY GARDENS
Are the largest in the State. They contain 8¼ acres of Knoll and Shaded Lawns, Flower Gardens, etc., and are capable of accommodating 20,000 persons with the greatest convenience. Extra Cars run directly to the Gardens.

Picnic Committees are especially invited to call and inspect the Grounds, and ascertain terms, which will be most favorable.
M. V. STEVENS, Proprietor.

Office hours 3 to 6 P. M. daily, at the Gardens, corner Twelfth and Folsom streets.
N. B.—80,000 Admission Tickets were sold by various Associations holding festivals at the City Gardens last year. The sale of spirituous liquors will be prohibited on the grounds on Festival days. ap19-tf

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James McGinn,
Undertaker
....AND.....
General Furnisher,
No. 717 Market Street, opposite Dupont.

Hearses and Coaches; Rosewood, Mahogany and Lead Coffins; Shrouds, Cravats, Silver and White Metal Coffin Plates constantly on hand.
Grave Stones, Iron and Wood Enclosures furnished.
Especial attention given to disinterring Bodies and preparing them for shipment to the Atlantic States and elsewhere.
Every variety of Funeral Equipments furnished to order. my3-tf

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Flanagan & Gallagher,
(Successors to J. Kelly,)
Undertakers,
No. 84 MARKET STREET,
Nearly opposite Fourth.....San Francisco.
EVERYTHING necessary for funerals kept constantly on hand. Orders from the country will receive prompt attention, at moderate charges. jly19-tf

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....SOLE AGENTS FOR....
DELANEY'S
Patent Steel Wire Cushions.

Two First Premiums in 1871 for our Latest Design "GRECIAN CURVE" Table, with Four Legs, for Beauty, Style and Durability.
Billiard, Jenny Lind and Pigeon Hole Tables, Keno Sets, Dice, Dominoes, Ten Pins and Balls, Cue Leathers, Chalk, Etc., Etc.
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POST OFFICE BOX 1,989
Always on hand, a full stock of Billiard Goods. The Largest House on the Pacific Coast. The Lowest Prices. my10-tf

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NEW YORK
FURNITURE & BEDDING STORE,
SAMUEL BENDIT,
Proprietor,
NO. 747 MARKET ST.....SAN FRANCISCO
KEEPS the largest stock of Furniture and Bedding, and sells at lower prices than any store on the coast. jly 12 tf

SAN RAFAEL
Livery and Sale Stables,
FOURTH STREET, SAN RAFAEL.
M. GILLIGAN, - - Proprietor.
Saddle Horses, Carriages and Buggies furnished at short notice and on reasonable terms. jly 12-tf

The Union Pacific Salt Co.
All kinds of Salt, including Rock, Ground and Liverpool, constantly on hand and for sale.
PACKED IN EVERY STYLE AND VARIETY FOR THE TRADE.
OFFICE:—No. 216 Sacramento Streeet, San Francisco.
jy4-tf.

Willis' Band.
MUSIC FURNISHED FOR ALL OCCASIONS.
Music imported, arranged and for sale.
Fritz Pipers and Marcus M. Blum, Leading Violinists.

☞ Orders from the country promptly attended to. Address M. W. WILLIS, Eaton's Music Store, No. 138 Montgomery street, or MARCUS M. BLUM, No. 229 Montgomery street. ap12-tf